

VIVEKANANDHA

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES FOR WOMEN
(Autonomous)

ELAYAMPALAYAM, TIRUCHENGODE (Tk.), NAMAKKAL (Dt.)

An ISO 9001: 2015 Certified Institution

(Affiliated to Periyar University, Approved by AICTE & Re-accredited with 'A'
Grade by NAAC) (Recognized under section 2(f) and 12(B) Under Act 1956)



PG AND RESEARCH
DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS
M.Sc., Physics
OBE Syllabus

Tamil Nadu State Council for Higher Education
(TANSCHE)

**Learning Outcome - based Curriculum Frame
work (LOCF)**

**(CO-K, PO mapping adopted and implemented from
2023-24 onwards)**

**VIVEKANANDHA EDUCATIONAL
INSTITUTIONS**

Angammal Educational Trust
Elayampalayam, Tiruchengode (Tk.),
Namakkal (DT).

A
U
T
O
N
O
M
O
U
S

About the College

Vivekananda College of Arts and Sciences for Women (Autonomous) was established and hailed into Women's Educational Service in the Year 1995. Angammal Educational Trust Chaired by the great Educationalist 'VidhyaRathna Prof.Dr. M. KARUNANITHI, B.Pharm. M.S., Ph.D., D.Litt. sponsors this college and other institutions under the name of the great Saint Vivekanandha. Our institutions are situated on either side of Tiruchengode Namakkal Main Road at Elayampalayam, 6 kms away from Tiruchengode. This is biggest women's college in India with more than 7500 girl students and more than 19 departments. The strength of the college was just 65 at the time of its establishment. With the dedication, work, sacrifice and long vision of the chairman, this institution has grown into a Himalaya stage. As a result of which UGC, New Delhi, awarded 2f and 12b, extended Autonomous status for second cycle. The National Assessment and Accreditation Council reaccredited with grade 'A+' for its successful performance.

As an Autonomous Institution, academic professionals of the college fram Curriculum and Syllabi in consultation with all its stakeholders to cater the needs the young women to fulfill the women empowerment and present Industrial needs the local benefits. The students are empowering with confidence and required sk to face the society.

Quality Policy

To provide professional training by establishing a high level center of learning that provides quality education at par with the international standards and Provide excellence education with well equipped infrastructure to all the rural women.

Our Vision

To be an academic institution exclusively for women, in dynamic equilibrium with the social and economic environment, strive continuously for excellence in education, research and technological service to the nation.

Our Mission

The mission of our institution is to discover, teach and apply knowledge for the intellectual, cultural, ethical, social and economic growth of women students.

M.Sc. (Physics)

SCOPE OF THE COURSE

M.Sc. (Physics), the recent developments in Physical sciences, has been included in the enriched syllabus to meet out the present day needs of academic and research, institutions and industries. The program expects serious commitment of the student to take-up challenging students' schedules and assignments. The course involves a blend of theoretical education and practical training which run concurrently for a period of two years and equips a student with knowledge, ability, skills and other qualities required for a professional accountant.

The uniqueness of the program is its content and topic coverage, the teaching methodology and the faculty. The syllabus has been designed at a level equal to that of professional courses. The teaching methodologies include classroom lectures, industrial visits, orientation, internship, case study and research work. Focus is also on developing soft skills of the students. For Core subjects, Outsource Guest Lectures by Industrialists and Professional Men will be arranged to enable the students to get wider exposure.

SALIENT FEATURES

- ✓ Course is specially designed for a higher level Career Placement.
- ✓ Special Guest lecturers from Industrialists will be arranged.
- ✓ Exclusively caters to students interested in pursuing higher studies.
- ✓ Special Industry Orientations and Training are parts of the Degree Course.
- ✓ Project work is included in the syllabus to enhance conceptual, analytical & deductive skills.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE

- ✓ The new syllabus throws light on the recent and emerging areas of Physics
- ✓ Enable the students understand Physics and make them more relevant to the society.
- ✓ Develop the analytical ability in students so that they are become objective solving problems.
- ✓ Help the students learn practical skills in a better way.
- ✓ Inculcate research aptitude in students.
- ✓ Enable the students to go to higher levels of learning Physics.

- ✓ Improve the employability of the students.
- ✓ To inspire the students to apply their knowledge gained for the development of society in general.

ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

Candidates seeking admission to the first year Degree course (M.Sc Physics) shall be required to have passed an Under Graduate degree, i.e. B.Sc (Physics or Applied Sciences) of the Periyar University or an examination of some other University accepted by the syndicate as equivalent there to shall be permitted to be eligible.

DURATION OF THE COURSE

- ✓ The course shall extend over a period of two academic years consisting of four semesters. Each academic year will be divided into two semesters. The First semester will consist of the period from July to November and the Second semester from December to March.
- ✓ The subjects of the study shall be in accordance with the syllabus prescribed from time to time by the Board of Studies of Vivekanandha College of Arts and Sciences for Women with the approval of Periyar University.
- ✓ Each subject will have five hours of lecture per week apart from practical training at the end of each semester.

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

The performance of the students will be assessed continuously and the Internal Assessment Marks will be as under:

1. Average of two Tests	- 10 Marks
2. Seminar	- 5 Marks
3. Assignment	- 5 Marks
4. Attendance	- 5 Marks
.....	

Total = 25 Marks

The distribution of attendance marks is given as follows,

76-80 %	- 1 Mark
81-85 %	- 2 Marks
86-90 %	- 3 Marks
91-95 %	- 4 Marks
96-100 %	- 5 Marks

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:

Question Paper Pattern for the Examinations

Time: 3 Hours,

Maximum Marks: 75

Part - A Answer all the questions (Objective Type) (20 x 1 = 20 Marks)

Part - B Answer all the following questions (Either or Type) (5 x 5 = 25 Marks)

Part – C Answer any three questions (3 x 10 = 30 Marks)

PASSING MINIMUM

In the University Examinations, the passing minimum shall be 40 % out of 75 Marks for theory (38 marks) and 40% out of 60 marks for practical (24 Marks).

ELIGIBILITY FOR EXAMINATION

A candidate will be permitted to appear for the University Examination only on earning 75 % of attendance and only when her conduct has been satisfactory. It shall be open to grant exemption to a candidate for valid reasons subject to conditions prescribed.

CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

Successful candidates passing the examination of Core Courses (main and allied subjects) and securing marks

- a) 75 % and above shall be declared to have passed the examination in first class with Distinction provided they pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at first appearance itself.
- b) 60% and above but below 75 % shall be declared to have passed the examinations in first class without Distinction.
- c) 50% and above but below 60% shall be declared to have passed the examinations in second class.

- d) All the remaining successful candidates shall be declared to have passed the examinations in third class.
- e) Candidates who pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at the first appearance itself and within a period of three consecutive academic years from the year of admission only will be eligible for University rank.

COMMENCEMENT OF THESE REGULATIONS

These regulations shall take effect from the academic year 2023 - 2024 (i.e for the students who are to be admitted to the first year of the course during the academic year 2022 – 2023 and thereafter.

SYLLABUS FRAME WORK 2023 – 2024 Onwards

SEMESTER - I								
Subject Code	Course	Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. mark	Ext. mark	Total Mark
23P1PH01	Core – I	Mathematical Physics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PH02	Core – II	Classical Mechanics and Relativity	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PH03	Core – III	Linear and Digital ICs and Applications	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PHE04	Elective - I	Materials Science	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P1PHP01	Practical	Practical – I	6	3	3	25	75	100
		Professional Competency Course	2	2	3	25	75	100
	Soft Skill – I	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75	100
Total			30	22	21	175	525	700
SEMESTER - II								
23P2PH04	Core - IV	Statistical Mechanics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P2PH05	Core - V	Quantum Mechanics –I	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P2PHE08	Elective - II	Plasma Physics	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P3PHE18	Elective - III	Medical Physics	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P2PHP02	Practical	Practical - II	6	3	3	25	75	100
		Skill Enhancement Course – I	2	2	3	25	75	100
	Soft Skill – II	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75	100
	Internship		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total			30	21	21	175	525	700

SEMESTER - III								
23P3PH06	Core - VI	Quantum Mechanics –II	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P3PH07	Core - VII	Condensed Matter Physics	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P3PH08	Core - VIII	Electromagnetic Theory	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P3PHE17	Elective - IV	Characterization of Materials	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P3PHP03	Core Practical - III	Practical - III: Numerical Methods and Computer Programming (FORTRAN/C)	6	3	3	25	75	100
		Skill Enhancement Course – II	2	2	3	25	75	100
	Soft Skill - III	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75	100
		Internship / Industrial Activity	-	2	-	-	-	-
Total			30	24	21	175	525	700
SEMESTER - IV								
23P4PH09	Core – IX	Nuclear and Particle Physics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PH010	Core - X	Spectroscopy	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PH11	Core - XI	Numerical Methods and Computer Programming	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PHP04	Core Practical - IV	Practical - IV Microprocessor 8085 and Microcontroller 8051	6	3	3	25	75	100
	Core - XII	Project with Viva-Voce	4	4	-	25	75	100
		Skill Enhancement Course – III	2	2	3	25	75	100
	Soft Skill - IV	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75	100
		Extension Activity	-	1	-	-	-	-
Total			30	24	18	175	525	700
Total (I & II Years)			120	91	81	700	2100	2800

LIST OF CORE PAPRES

S.No	Code	Course Title
1.	23P1PH01	Mathematical Physics
2.	23P1PH02	Classical Mechanics and Relativity
3.	23P1PH03	Linear and Digital ICs and Applications
4.	23P2PH04	Statistical Mechanics
5.	23P2PH05	Quantum Mechanics –I
6.	23P3PH06	Quantum Mechanics –II
7.	23P3PH07	Condensed Matter Physics
8.	23P3PH08	Electromagnetic Theory
9.	23P4PH09	Nuclear and Particle Physics
10.	23P4PH010	Spectroscopy
11.	23P4PH11	Numerical Methods and Computer Programming

LIST OF ELECTIVES

S.No	Code	Course Title
1	23P1PHE01	Energy Physics
2	23P1PHE02	Crystal Growth and Thin films
3	23P1PHE03	Analysis of Crystal Structures
4	23P1PHE04	Materials Science
5	23P1PHE05	Physics of Nano Science and Technology
6	23P1PHE06	Digital Communication
7	23P1PHE07	Communication Electronics
8	23P2PHE08	Plasma Physics
9	23P2PHE09	Bio Physics
10	23P2PHE10	Non-linear Dynamics
11	23P2PHE11	Quantum Field Theory
12	23P2PHE12	General Relativity and Cosmology

13	23P2PHE13	Advanced Optics
14	23P2PHE14	Advanced Mathematical Physics
15	23P3PHE15	Advanced Spectroscopy
16	23P3PHE16	Microprocessor 8086 and Microcontroller 8051
17	23P3PHE17	Characterization of Materials
18	23P3PHE18	Medical Physics
19	23P3PHE19	Solid Waste Management (SWM)
20	23P3PHE20	Sewage and Waste Water Treatment and Reuse
21	23P3PHE21	Solar Energy Utilization

LIST OF PRACTICALS

S.No	Code	Course Title
1.	23P1PHP01	Practical - I
2.	23P2PHP02	Practical - II
3.	23P3PHP03	Practical – III : Numerical Methods And Computer Programming (FORTRAN/C)
4.	23P4PHP04	Practical - IV Microprocessor 8085 and Microcontroller 8051

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

TANSCHER REGULATIONS ON LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR POSTGRADUATE EDUCATION	
Programme	M.Sc., Physics
Programme Code	
Duration	PG – 2 years
Programme Outcomes (Pos)	<p>PO1: Problem Solving Skill Apply knowledge of Management theories and Human Resource practices to solve business problems through research in Global context.</p> <p>PO2: Decision Making Skill Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities for data-based decision-making.</p> <p>PO3: Ethical Value Ability to incorporate quality, ethical and legal value-based perspectives to all organizational activities.</p> <p>PO4: Communication Skill Ability to develop communication, managerial and interpersonal skills.</p> <p>PO5: Individual and Team Leadership Skill Capability to lead themselves and the team to achieve organizational goals.</p> <p>PO6: Employability Skill Inculcate contemporary business practices to enhance employability skills in the competitive environment.</p> <p>PO7: Entrepreneurial Skill Equip with skills and competencies to become an entrepreneur.</p> <p>PO8: Contribution to Society Succeed in career endeavors and contribute significantly to society.</p> <p>PO 9 Multicultural competence Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective.</p> <p>PO 10: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life.</p>
Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	<p>PSO1 – Placement To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with others' ideas, behaviors, beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions.</p> <p>PSO 2 - Entrepreneur To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking,</p>

	<p>problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will facilitate startups and high potential organizations.</p> <p>PSO3 – Research and Development Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development.</p> <p>PSO4 – Contribution to Business World To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world.</p> <p>PSO 5 – Contribution to the Society To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.</p>
--	---

Credit Distribution for PG Programme

Semester-I	Credit	Semester-II	Credit	Semester-III	Credit	Semester-IV	Credit
1.1. Core-I	4	2.1. Core-IV	4	3.1. Core-VII	4	4.1. Core-X	4
1.2 Core-II	4	2.2 Core-V	4	3.2 Core-VII	4	4.2 Core-XI	4
1.3 Core – III	4	2.3 Core – VI	4	3.3 Core – IX	4	4.3 Core – XII	4
1.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric)- I	3	2.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric) – III	3	3.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric) – V	3	4.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric) – VI	3
1.5 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric)-II	3	2.5 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric)-IV	3	3.5 Core Industry Module	3	4.5 Project with Viva-Voce	3
1.6 Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -1	2	2.6 Ability Enhancement Course - Soft Skill -2	2	3.6 Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -3	2	4.6 Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -4	2
Skill Enhancement Course SEC 1	2	2.7 Skill Enhancement Course SEC 2	2	3.7 Skill Enhancement Course – Term Paper and Seminar Presentation SEC 3	2	4.7 Skill Enhancement Course - Professional Competency Skill	2
				3.8 Internship/ Industrial Activity	2	4.8 Extension Activity	1
	22		22		24		23
Total Credit Points							91

Core- Papers	12 x 4 = 48
Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric)	8 x 3 = 24
Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -	8 x 2 = 16
Internship/ Industrial Activity	1 x 2 = 2
Extension Activity	1 x 1 = 1
Total Credits	91

Component wise Credit Distribution

Credits	Sem I	Sem II	Sem III	Sem IV	Total
Part A	18	18	18	18	72
Part B					
(i) Discipline – Centric / Generic Skill	2	2	2	2	8
(ii) Soft Skill	2	2	2	2	10
(iii) Summer Internship / Industrial Training			2		
Part C				1	1
Total	22	22	24	23	91

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total
25	75	100

M.Sc. DEGREE COURSE IN PHYSICS COURSE STRUCTURE

FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	NAME OF THE COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDITS	EXAM HRS.	MAX MARKS	
					CIA	EXT.
Core	Paper 1- Mathematical Physics	6	4	3	25	75
Core	Paper 2 - Classical Mechanics and Relativity	5	4	3	25	75
Core	Paper 3 - Linear and Digital ICs and Applications	5	4	3	25	75
Core Practical	Paper 4 – Practical I	6	3	3	25	75
Elective- I	Choose any one from the list I	4	3	3	25	75
	Professional Competency Course	2	2	3	25	75
Soft Skill – I	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75

SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	NAME OF THE COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDITS	EXAM HRS.	MAX MARKS	
					CIA	EXT.
Core	Paper 5– Statistical Mechanics	6	4	3	25	75
Core	Paper 6 - Quantum Mechanics –I	6	4	3	25	75
Core Practical	Paper 7 – Practical – II	6	3	3	25	75
Elective- II	Choose any one from the list II	4	3	3	25	75
Elective - III	Choose any one from the lists III	4	3	3	25	75
	Skill Enhancement Course – I	2	2	3	25	75
Soft Skill – II	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75
	Internship* / Industrial Activity	-	-	-	-	-

**** Internship will be carried out during the summer vacation of the first year and marks will be included in the Third Semester Marks Statement.**

THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	NAME OF COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDIT	EXAM HRS.	MAX MARKS	
					CIA	EXT.
Core	Paper 8 – Quantum Mechanics –II	6	4	3	25	75
Core	Paper 9 – Condensed Matter Physics	5	4	3	25	75
Core	Paper 10 - Electromagnetic Theory	5	4	3	25	75
Core Practical	Paper 11 – Practical – III Numerical Methods and Computer Programming (FOTRAN/C)	6	3	3	25	75
Elective - IV	Choose any one from the lists I, II & III	4	3	3	25	75
	Skill Enhancement Course – II	2	2	3	25	75
Soft Skill - III	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75
	Internship / Industrial Activity [Credits]	-	2	-	-	-

FOURTH SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	NAME OF COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDITS	EXAM HRS.	MAX MARKS	
					CIA	EXT.
Core	Paper 12– Nuclear and Particle Physics	6	4	3	25	75
Core	Paper 13 - Spectroscopy	5	4	4	25	75
Core	Paper 14 – Numerical Methods and Computer Programming	5	4	4	25	75
Core Practical	Paper 15 – Practical – IV	6	3	4	25	75
Core	Paper 16 – Project with Viva-Voce	4	4	-	25	75
	Skill Enhancement Course – III	2	2	3	25	75
Soft Skill - IV	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	2	3	25	75
	Extension Activity	-	1	-	-	-

Consolidation:

Part	Subject	Credits Distribution	Total
A	Core	12x4	48
A	Core Practical	4x3	12
A	Elective	4x3	12
B1	SEC	4x2	08
B2	Soft Skill & Internship	5x2	10
C	Extension Activity	1x1	01
	TOTAL		91

ELECTIVE PAPERS**List 1**

1. Energy Physics
2. Crystal Growth and Thin films
3. Analysis of Crystal Structures
4. Materials Science
5. Physics of Nano Science and Technology
6. Digital Communication
7. Communication Electronics

LIST 2

8. Plasma Physics
9. Bio Physics
10. Non-linear Dynamics
11. Quantum Field Theory
12. General Relativity and Cosmology
13. Advanced Optics
14. Advanced Mathematical Physics

LIST 3**INDUSTRY ORIENTED ELECTIVE (IOE)**

15. Advanced Spectroscopy
16. Microprocessor 8086 and Microcontroller 8051
17. Characterization of Materials
18. Medical Physics
19. Solid Waste Management (SWM)
20. Sewage and Waste Water Treatment and Reuse
21. Solar Energy Utilization

(**Note:** Institutions can also frame such IOE courses more suitable for their locality.)

Paper-1 - MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PH01	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Matrices, vectors, differentiation, integration, differential equations
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To equip students with the mathematical techniques needed for understanding theoretical treatment in different courses taught in their program ➤ To extend their manipulative skills to apply mathematical techniques in their fields ➤ To help students apply Mathematics in solving problems of Physics

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: LINEAR VECTOR SPACE	Basic concepts – Definitions- examples of vector space – Linear independence – Scalar product- Orthogonality – Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure – linear operators – Dual space- ket and bra notation – orthogonal basis – change of basis – Isomorphism of vector space – projection operator –Eigen values and Eigen functions – Direct sum and invariant subspace – orthogonal transformations and rotation
UNIT II: COMPLEX ANALYSIS	Review of Complex Numbers -de Moivre's theorem-Functions of a Complex Variable- Differentiability -Analytic functions- Harmonic Functions- Complex Integration- Contour Integration, Cauchy – Riemann conditions – Singular points – Cauchy's Integral Theorem and integral Formula -Taylor's Series - Laurent's Expansion- Zeros and poles – Residue theorem and its Application: Potential theory - (1) Electrostatic fields and complex potentials - Parallel plates, coaxial cylinders and an annular region (2) Heat problems - Parallel plates and coaxial cylinders
UNIT III: MATRICES	Types of Matrices and their properties, Rank of a Matrix -Conjugate of a matrix - Adjoint of a matrix - Inverse of a matrix - Hermitian and Unitary Matrices - Trace of a matrix- Transformation of matrices - Characteristic equation - Eigen values and Eigen vectors - Cayley–Hamilton theorem –Diagonalization
UNIT IV: FOURIER TRANSFORMS	Definitions -Fourier transform and its inverse - Transform of Gaussian function and Dirac delta function -Fourier transform of derivatives - Cosine and sine transforms - Convolution theorem. Application: Diffusion equation: Flow of heat in an infinite and in a semi - infinite medium - Wave equation: Vibration of an infinite string and of a semi - infinite string.

& LAPLACE TRANSFORMS	Laplace transform and its inverse - Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Differentiation and integration of transforms - Dirac delta functions - Application - Laplace equation: Potential problem in a semi - infinite strip
UNIT V: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	Second order differential equation- Sturm-Liouville's theory - Series solution with simple examples - Hermite polynomials - Generating function - Orthogonality properties - Recurrence relations – Legendre polynomials - Generating function - Rodrigue formula – Orthogonality properties - Dirac delta function- One dimensional Green's function and Reciprocity theorem - Sturm-Liouville's type equation in one dimension & their Green's function.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. George Arfken and Hans J Weber, 2012, <i>Mathematical Methods for Physicists – A Comprehensive Guide</i> (7th edition), Academic press. 2. P.K. Chattopadhyay, 2013, <i>Mathematical Physics</i> (2nd edition), New Age, New Delhi 3. A W Joshi, 2017, <i>Matrices and Tensors in Physics</i>, 4th Edition (Paperback), New Age International Pvt. Ltd., India 4. B. D. Gupta, 2009, <i>Mathematical Physics</i> (4th edition), Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi. 5. H. K. Dass and Dr. Rama Verma, 2014, <i>Mathematical Physics</i>, Seventh Revised Edition, S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. E. Kreyszig, 1983, <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 2. D. G. Zill and M. R. Cullen, 2006, <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, 3rd Ed. Narosa, New Delhi. 3. S. Lipschutz, 1987, <i>Linear Algebra</i>, Schaum's Series, McGraw - Hill, New York 3. E. Butkov, 1968, <i>Mathematical Physics</i> Addison - Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts. 4. P. R. Halmos, 1965, <i>Finite Dimensional Vector Spaces</i>, 2nd Edition, Affiliated East West, New Delhi. 5. C. R. Wylie and L. C. Barrett, 1995, <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, 6 th Edition, International Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. www.khanacademy.org 2. https://youtu.be/LZnRIOA1_2I 3. http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hmat.html#hmath 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_2jymuM7OUU&list=PLhkiT_RYTEU27vS_SIED56gNjVJGO2qaZ 5. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106086/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand use of bra-ket vector notation and explain the meaning of complete orthonormal set of basis vectors, and transformations and be able to apply them	K1, K2
CO2	Able to understand analytic functions, do complex integration, by applying Cauchy Integral Formula. Able to compute many real integrals and infinite sums via complex integration.	K2, K3
CO3	Analyze characteristics of matrices and its different types, and the process of diagonalization.	K4
CO4	Solve equations using Laplace transform and analyze the Fourier transformations of different function, grasp how these transformations can speed up analysis and correlate their importance in technology	K4, K5
CO5	To find the solutions for physical problems using linear differential equations and to solve boundary value problems using Green's function. Apply special functions in computation of solutions to real world problems	K2, K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

Paper-2 - CLASSICAL MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY	I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER
---	--------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PH02	CLASSICAL MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites
Fundamentals of mechanics, Foundation in mathematical methods.
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To understand fundamentals of classical mechanics. ➤ To understand Lagrangian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion. ➤ To understand Hamiltonian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion. ➤ To discuss the theory of small oscillations of a system. ➤ To learn the relativistic formulation of mechanics of a system.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: PRINCIPLES OF CLASSICAL MECHANICS	Mechanics of a single particle – mechanics of a system of particles – conservation laws for a system of particles – constraints – holonomic & non-holonomic constraints – generalized coordinates – configuration space – transformation equations – principle of virtual work.
UNIT II: LAGRANGIAN FORMULATION	D'Alembert's principle – Lagrangian equations of motion for conservative systems – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) Atwood's machine (iii) projectile motion.
UNIT III: HAMILTONIAN FORMULATION	Phase space – cyclic coordinates – conjugate momentum – Hamiltonian function – Hamilton's canonical equations of motion – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) one dimensional simple harmonic oscillator (iii) motion of particle in a central force field.
UNIT IV: SMALL OSCILLATIONS	Formulation of the problem – transformation to normal coordinates – frequencies of normal modes – linear triatomic molecule.
UNIT V: RELATIVITY	Inertial and non-inertial frames – Lorentz transformation equations – length contraction and time dilation – relativistic addition of velocities – Einstein's mass-energy relation – Minkowski's space – four vectors – position, velocity, momentum, acceleration and force in for vector notation and their transformations

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. H. Goldstein, 2002, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, 3rd Edition, Pearson Edu. 2. J. C. Upadhyaya, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Himalaya Publishing. Co. New Delhi. 3. R. Resnick, 1968, <i>Introduction to Special Theory of Relativity</i>, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi. 4. R. G. Takwala and P.S. Puranik, <i>Introduction to Classical Mechanics –Tata – McGraw Hill</i>, New Delhi, 1980. 5. N. C. Rana and P.S. Joag, <i>Classical Mechanics - Tata McGraw Hill</i>, 2001
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. K. R. Symon, 1971, <i>Mechanics</i>, Addison Wesley, London. 2. S. N. Biswas, 1999, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Books & Allied, Kolkata. 3. Gupta and Kumar, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Kedar Nath. 4. T.W.B. Kibble, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, ELBS. 5. Greenwood, <i>Classical Dynamics</i>, PHI, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://poincare.matf.bg.ac.rs/~zarkom/Book_Mechanics_Goldstein_Classical_Mechanics_optimized.pdf 2. https://pdfcoffee.com/classical-mechanics-j-c-upadhyay-2014-editionpdf-pdf-free.html 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106027/ 4. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-09-classical-mechanics-iii-fall-2014/lecture-notes/ 5. https://www.britannica.com/science/relativistic-mechanics

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the fundamentals of classical mechanics.	K2
CO2	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	K3
CO3	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	K3, K5
CO4	Analyze the small oscillations in systems and determine their normal modes of oscillations.	K4, K5
CO5	Understand and apply the principles of relativistic kinematics to the mechanical systems.	K2, K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2

Paper- 3 - LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs & APPLICATIONS	I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER
---	--------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PH03	LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs AND APPLICATIONS	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of semiconductor devices, basic concepts of digital and analog electronics
--

Learning Objectives

- | |
|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits. ➤ To teach the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers. ➤ To introduce the theory and applications of PLL. ➤ To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce one special function ICs. ➤ Exposure to digital IC's |
|---|

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	Introduction, Classification of IC's, basic information of Op-Amp 741 and its features, the ideal Operational amplifier, Op-Amp internal circuit and Op-Amp. Characteristics.
UNIT II: APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP	LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Solution to simultaneous equations and differential equations, Instrumentation amplifiers, V to I and I to V converters. NON-LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Sample and Hold circuit, Log and Antilog amplifier, multiplier and divider, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, Triangular and Square waveform generators.
UNIT III: ACTIVE FILTERS & TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS	ACTIVE FILTERS: Introduction, Butterworth filters – 1st order, 2nd order low pass and high pass filters, band pass, band reject and all pass filters. TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS: Introduction to IC 555 timer, description of functional diagram, monostable and astable operations and applications, Schmitt trigger, PLL - introduction, basic principle, phase detector/comparator, voltage controlled oscillator (IC 566), low pass filter, monolithic PLL and applications of PLL
UNIT IV: VOLTAGE REGULATOR & D to A AND A to D	VOLTAGE REGULATOR: Introduction, Series Op-Amp regulator, IC Voltage Regulators, IC 723 general purpose regulators, Switching Regulator. D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS: Introduction, basic DAC techniques -

CONVERTERS	weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, inverted R-2R DAC, A to D converters -parallel comparator type ADC, counter type ADC, successive approximation ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.
UNIT V: CMOS LOGIC, COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs & SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs	CMOS LOGIC: CMOS logic levels, MOS transistors, Basic CMOS Inverter, NAND and NOR gates, CMOS AND-OR-INVERT and OR-AND-INVERT gates, implementation of any function using CMOS logic. COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Study of logic gates using 74XX ICs, Four-bit parallel adder (IC 7483), Comparator (IC 7485), Decoder (IC 74138, IC 74154), BCD to 7-segment decoder (IC7447), Encoder (IC74147), Multiplexer (IC74151), Demultiplexer (IC 74154). SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Flip Flops (IC 7474, IC 7473), Shift Registers, Universal Shift Register (IC 74194), 4- bit asynchronous binary counter (IC 7493).
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. D. Roy Choudhury, Shail B. Jain (2012), Linear Integrated Circuit, 4th edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India 2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, (2012), OP-AMP and Linear Integrated Circuits, 4th edition, Prentice Hall / Pearson Education, New Delhi. 3. B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja, 2004, A Textbook of Electrical technology, S. Chand & Co. 4. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, 2008, Principles of Electronics, S. Chand & Co, 12th Edition. 5. V. Vijayendran, 2008, Introduction to Integrated electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Reprint. V.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sergio Franco (1997), Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 2. Gray, Meyer (1995), Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, Wiley International, New Delhi. 3. Malvino and Leach (2005), Digital Principles and Applications 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi 4. Floyd, Jain (2009), Digital Fundamentals, 8th edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi. 5. Integrated Electronics, Millman & Halkias, Tata McGraw Hill, 17th Reprint (2000)
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/digital circuits/ 2. https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/electronics/operational amplifier/ 3. https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/textbook/semiconductors/chpt-7/field-effect-controlled-thyristors/

	4. https://www.electrical4u.com/applications-of-op-amp/ 5. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/digital-electronics-logic-design-tutorials/
--	--

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of linear integrated circuits and develops skill to solve problems	K1, K5
CO2	Develop skills to design linear and non-linear applications circuits using Op-Amp and design the active filters circuits.	K3
CO3	Gain knowledge about PLL, and develop the skills to design the simple circuits using IC 555 timer and can solve problems related to it.	K1, K3
CO4	Learn about various techniques to develop A/D and D/A converters.	K2
CO5	Acquire the knowledge about the CMOS logic, combinational and sequential circuits	K1, K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

Paper 4 - PRACTICAL I	I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER
------------------------------	--------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHP01	PRACTICAL I	Core				3	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and hands on experience of basic general and electronics experiments of Physics

Learning Objectives

- To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
- To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
- To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Hyperbolic fringes - Cornu's Method
2. Determination of Viscosity of the given liquid – Meyer's disc
3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
4. B-H loop using Anchor ring.
5. Determination of Thickness of the enamel coating on a wire by diffraction
6. Determination of Rydberg's Constant - Hydrogen Spectrum
7. FP Etalon
8. Determination of Thickness of air film. - Solar spectrum – Hartmann's formula. Edser and Butler fringes.
9. Measurement of Band gap energy- Thermistor
10. Determination of Planck Constant – LED Method
11. Determination of Specific charge of an electron – Thomson's method.
12. Determination of Compressibility of a liquid using Ultrasonics
13. Determination of Wavelength, Separation of wavelengths - Michelson Interferometer
14. GM counter – Characteristics, inverse square law and absorption coefficient.
15. Measurement of Conductivity - Four probe method.
16. Arc spectrum – Iron.
17. Molecular spectra – AIO band.
18. Measurement of wavelength of Diode Laser / He – Ne Laser using Diffraction grating.
19. Determination of Diffraction pattern of light with circular aperture using Diode/He-Ne laser.
20. Study the beam divergence, spot size and intensity profile of Diode/He-Ne laser.
21. Measurements of Standing wave and standing wave co-efficient, Law of Inverse square, Receiver end transmitter behavior, Radiation Pattern - Microwave test bench
22. UV-Visible spectroscopy – Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and identification of wavelength maxima – Extinction coefficient

23. Construction of relaxation oscillator using UJT
 24. FET CS amplifier- Frequency response, input impedance, output impedance
 25. Study of important electrical characteristics of IC741.

26. V- I Characteristics of different colours of LED.
 27. Study of attenuation characteristics of Wien's bridge network and design of Wien's bridge oscillator using Op-Amp.
 28. Study of attenuation characteristics of Phase shift network and design of Phase shift oscillator using Op-Amp.
 29. Construction of Schmidt trigger circuit using IC 741 for a given hysteresis- application as squarer.
 30. Construction of square wave Triangular wave generator using IC 741
 31. Construction of a quadrature wave using IC 324
 32. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 741 – application as frequency divider
 33. Construction of Op-Amp- 4 bit Digital to Analog converter (Binary Weighted and R/2R ladder type)
 34. Study of Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary code conversion.
 35. Study of R-S, clocked R-S and D-Flip flop using NAND gates
 36. Study of J-K, D and T flip flops using IC 7476/7473
 37. Arithmetic operations using IC 7483- 4-bit binary addition and subtraction.
 38. Study of Arithmetic logic unit using IC 74181.
 39. Construction of Encoder and Decoder circuits using ICs.

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakasan. 2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics- Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences. 3. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi. 4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath Publishing. 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern Economy Edition
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, PragatiPrakasan. 2. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhyay, C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd 3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition. 4. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R.S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd. 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus.	K2
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behaviour of the matetials.	K1
CO3	Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	K2
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser	K1, K3
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	K3, K5

CO6	Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT	K4
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers.	K4
CO8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmetic and logical circuits using IC's	K2
CO9	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	K1
CO10	Analyze the applications of counters and registers	K4

K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total
25	75	100

Paper 5 - STATISTICAL MECHANICS	I YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER
--	---------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PH04	STATISTICAL MECHANICS	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Laws of thermodynamics, phase transition, entropy, ensembles, partition function, classical and quantum statistics, thermal equilibrium, Brownian motion
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To acquire the knowledge of thermodynamic potentials and to understand phase transition in thermodynamics ➤ To identify the relationship between statistic and thermodynamic quantities ➤ To comprehend the concept of partition function, canonical and grand canonical ensembles ➤ To grasp the fundamental knowledge about the three types of statistics ➤ To get in depth knowledge about phase transitions and fluctuation of thermodynamic properties that vary with time

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: PHASE TRANSITIONS	Thermodynamic potentials - Phase Equilibrium - Gibb's phase rule - Phase transitions and Ehrenfest's classifications –Third law of Thermodynamics. Order parameters – Landau's theory of phase transition - Critical indices - Scale transformations and dimensional analysis.
UNIT II: STATISTICAL MECHANICS AND THERMODYNAM ICS	Foundations of statistical mechanics - Specification of states of a system - Micro canonical ensemble - Phase space – Entropy - Connection between statistics and thermodynamics – Entropy of an ideal gas using the micro canonical ensemble - Entropy of mixing and Gibb's paradox.
UNIT III: CANONICAL AND GRAND CANONICAL ENSEMBLES	Trajectories and density of states - Liouville's theorem - Canonical and grand canonical ensembles - Partition function - Calculation of statistical quantities - Energy and density fluctuations.

UNIT IV: CLASSICAL AND QUANTUM STATISTICS	Density matrix - Statistics of ensembles - Statistics of indistinguishable particles - Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics - Fermi-Dirac statistics – Ideal Fermi gas – Degeneracy - Bose-Einstein statistics - Plank radiation formula - Ideal Bose gas - Bose-Einstein condensation.
UNIT V: REAL GAS, ISING MODEL AND FLUCTUATIONS	Cluster expansion for a classical gas - Virial equation of state – Calculation of the first Virial coefficient in the cluster expansion - Ising model - Mean-field theories of the Ising model in three, two and one dimensions - Exact solutions in one dimension. Correlation of space-time dependent fluctuations - Fluctuations and transport phenomena - Brownian motion - Langevin’s theory - Fluctuation-dissipation theorem - The Fokker-Planck equation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. S. K. Sinha, 1990, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 2. B. K. Agarwal and M. Eisner, 1998, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, Second Edition New Age International, New Delhi. 3. J. K. Bhattacharjee, 1996, <i>Statistical Mechanics: An Introductory Text</i>, Allied Publication, New Delhi. 4. F. Reif, 1965, <i>Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics</i>, McGraw -Hill, New York. 5. M. K. Zemansky, 1968, <i>Heat and Thermodynamics</i>, 5th edition, McGraw-Hill New York.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. R. K. Pathria, 1996, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, 2nd edition, Butter WorthHeinemann, New Delhi. 2. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, 1969, <i>Statistical Physics</i>, Pergamon Press, Oxford. 3. K. Huang, 2002, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, Taylor and Francis, London 4. W. Greiner, L. Neise and H. Stoecker, <i>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics</i>, Springer Verlag, New York. 5. A. B. Gupta, H. Roy, 2002, <i>Thermal Physics</i>, Books and Allied, Kolkata.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://byjus.com/chemistry/third-law-of-thermodynamics/ 2. https://web.stanford.edu/~peastman/statmech/thermodynamics.html 3. https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/Statistical_mechanics_and_thermodynamics 4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Grand_canonical_ensemble 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ising_model

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	To examine and elaborate the effect of changes in thermodynamic quantities on the states of matter during phase transition	K5
CO2	To analyze the macroscopic properties such as pressure, volume, temperature, specific heat, elastic moduli etc. using microscopic properties like intermolecular forces, chemical bonding, atomicity etc. Describe the peculiar behaviour of the entropy by mixing two gases Justify the connection between statistics and thermodynamic quantities	K4
CO3	Differentiate between canonical and grand canonical ensembles and to interpret the relation between thermodynamical quantities and partition function	K1
CO4	To recall and apply the different statistical concepts to analyze the behaviour of ideal Fermi gas and ideal Bose gas and also to compare and distinguish between the three types of statistics.	K4, K5
CO5	To discuss and examine the thermodynamical behaviour of gases under fluctuation and also using Ising model	K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

Paper 6 - QUANTUM MECHANICS – I	I YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER
--	---------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PH05	QUANTUM MECHANICS – I	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Newton's laws of motion, Schrodinger's equation, integration, differentiation.
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To develop the physical principles and the mathematical background important to quantum mechanical descriptions. ➤ To describe the propagation of a particle in a simple, one-dimensional potential. ➤ To formulate and solve the Schrodinger's equation to obtain eigenvectors and energies for particle in a three-dimensional potential. ➤ To explain the mathematical formalism and the significance of constants of motion, and see their relation to fundamental symmetries in nature ➤ To discuss the Approximation methods like perturbation theory, Variational and WKB methods for solving the Schrödinger equation.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: BASIC FORMALISM	Interpretation of the wave function – Time dependent Schrodinger equation – Time independent Schrodinger equation – Stationary states – Ehrenfest's theorem – Linear vector space – Linear operator – Eigen functions and Eigen Values – Hermitian Operator – Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – Simultaneous measurability of observables – General Uncertainty relation
UNIT II: ONE DIMENSIONAL AND THREE-DIMENSIONAL ENERGY EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS	Square – well potential with rigid walls – Square well potential with finite walls – Square potential barrier – Alpha emission – Bloch waves in a periodic potential – Kronig-penny square – well periodic potential – Linear harmonic oscillator: Operator method – Particle moving in a spherically symmetric potential – System of two interacting particles – Hydrogen atom – Rigid rotator
UNIT III: GENERAL FORMALISM	Dirac notation – Equations of motions – Schrodinger representation – Heisenberg representation – Interaction representation – Coordinate representation – Momentum representation – Symmetries and conservation laws – Unitary transformation – Parity and time reversal
UNIT IV: APPROXIMATIO	Time independent perturbation theory for non-degenerate energy levels – Degenerate energy levels – Stark effect in Hydrogen atom – Ground and

N METHODS	excited state – Variation method – Helium atom – WKB approximation – Connection formulae (no derivation) – WKB quantization – Application to simple harmonic oscillator.
UNIT V: ANGULAR MOMENTUM	Eigenvalue spectrum of general angular momentum – Ladder operators and their algebra – Matrix representation – Spin angular momentum – Addition of angular momenta – CG Coefficients – Symmetry and anti – symmetry of wave functions – Construction of wave-functions and Pauli’s exclusion principle.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. P. M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition(37th Reprint), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010. 2. G. Aruldas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009. 3. David J Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics. 4th edition, Pearson, 2011. 4. SL Gupta and ID Gupta, Advanced Quantum Theory and Fields, 1st Edition, S.Chand & Co., New Delhi, 1982. 5. A. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, 4th Edition, Macmillan, India, 1984.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970. 2. V. K. Thankappan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1985. 3. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Quantum Mechanics, 1st edition, Pergomon Press, Oxford, 1976. 4. S. N. Biswas, Quantum Mechanics, Books and Allied Ltd., Kolkata, 1999. 5. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Alpha Science International Ltd, Oxford , 2011.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://research.chem.psu.edu/lxjgroup/download_files/chem565-c7.pdf 2. http://www.feynmanlectures.caltech.edu/III_20.html 3. http://web.mit.edu/8.05/handouts/jaffe1.pdf 4. https://hepwww.pp.rl.ac.uk/users/haywood/Group_Theory_Lectures/Lecture_1.pdf 5. https://theory.physics.manchester.ac.uk/~xian/qm/chapter3.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the basic postulates of quantum mechanics which serve to formalize the rules of quantum Mechanics	K1, K5
CO2	Is able to apply and analyze the Schrodinger equation to solve one dimensional problems and three dimensional problems	K3, K4
CO3	Can discuss the various representations, space time symmetries and formulations of time evolution	K1
CO4	Can formulate and analyze the approximation methods for various quantum mechanical problems	K4, K5
CO5	To apply non-commutative algebra for topics such as angular and spin angular momentum and hence explain spectral line splitting.	K3, K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

Paper 7 - PRACTICAL II	I YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER
-------------------------------	---------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHP02	PRACTICAL II	Core				3	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and handling of basic general and electronics experiments of Physics

Learning Objectives

- To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
- To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
- To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.
- To observe the applications of FET and UJT.
- To study the different applications of operational amplifier circuits.
- To learn about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Elliptical fringes - Cornu's Method
2. Determination of Stefan's constant of radiation from a hot body
3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
4. Measurement of Susceptibility of liquid - Quincke's method
5. B-H curve using CRO
6. Measurement of Magnetic Susceptibility - Guoy's method
7. LG Plate
8. Arc spectrum: Copper
9. Determination of Solar constant
10. Determination of e/m - Millikan's method
11. Miscibility measurements using ultrasonic diffraction method
12. Determination of Thickness of thin film. - Michelson Interferometer
13. GM counter – Feather's analysis: Range of Beta rays
14. Iodine absorption spectra
15. Molecular spectra – CN bands
16. Determination of Refractive index of liquids using diode Laser/ He – Ne Laser
17. Determination of Numerical Apertures and Acceptance angle of optical fibers using Laser Source.
18. Measurement of Dielectricity - Microwave test bench
19. Hall Effect in Semiconductor. Determine the Hall coefficient, carrier concentration and carrier mobility
20. Interpretation of vibrational spectra of a given material

21. Determination of I-V Characteristics and efficiency of solar cell.
22. IC 7490 as scalar and seven segment display using IC7447
23. Solving simultaneous equations – IC 741 / IC LM324
24. Op-Amp –Active filters: Low pass, High pass and Band pass filters (Second Order) Butter worth filter
25. Construction of Current to Voltage and Voltage to Current Conversion using IC 741.
26. Construction of second order butter worth multiple feedback narrow band pass filter
27. Realization of analog to digital converter (ADC) using 4-bit DAC and synchronous counter IC74193
28. Construction of square wave generator using IC 555 – Study of VCO
29. Construction of Schmidt trigger circuit using IC555 for a given hysteresis – Application as squarer
30. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 555 – Application as frequency divider
31. BCD to Excess- 3 and Excess 3 to BCD code conversion
32. Study of binary up / down counters - IC 7476 / IC7473
33. Shift register and Ring counter and Johnson counter- IC 7476/IC 7474
34. Study of synchronous parallel 4-bit binary up/down counter using IC 74193
35. Study of asynchronous parallel 4-bit binary up/down counter using IC 7493
36. Study of Modulus Counter
37. Construction of Multiplexer and Demultiplexer using ICs.

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakasan 2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics- Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences 3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition. 4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath Publishing 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern Economy Edition
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhyay, C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd 2. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, Pragati Prakasan 3. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R. S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. ltd 4. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing 5. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total	Grade
25	75	100	

Paper 8 - QUANTUM MECHANICS – II	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
---	---------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PH06	QUANTUM MECHANICS – II	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Knowledge of postulates of Quantum mechanics, properties of Hermitian operators, ladder operators, degeneracy, angular momentum techniques and commutation rules
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Formal development of the theory and the properties of angular momenta, both orbital and spin ➤ To familiarize the students to the crucial concepts of scattering theory such as partial wave analysis and Born approximation. ➤ Time-dependent Perturbation theory and its application to study of interaction of an atom with the electromagnetic field ➤ To give the students a firm grounding in relativistic quantum mechanics, with emphasis on Dirac equation and related concepts ➤ To introduce the concept of covariance and the use of Feynman graphs for depicting different interactions

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: SCATTERING THEORY	Scattering amplitude – Cross sections – Born approximation and its validity – Scattering by a screened coulomb potential – Yukawa potential – Partial wave analysis – Scattering length and Effective range theory for s wave – Optical theorem – Transformation from centre of mass to laboratory frame.
UNIT II: PERTURBATION THEORY	Time dependent perturbation theory – Constant and harmonic perturbations – Fermi Golden rule – Transition probability Einstein's A and B Coefficients – Adiabatic approximation – Sudden approximation – Semi – classical treatment of an atom with electromagnetic radiation – Selection rules for dipole radiation
UNIT III: RELATIVISTIC QUANTUM MECHANICS	Klein – Gordon Equation – Charge And Current Densities – Dirac Matrices – Dirac Equation – Plane Wave Solutions – Interpretation Of Negative Energy States – Antiparticles – Spin of Electron – Magnetic Moment Of An Electron Due To Spin
UNIT IV:	Covariant form of Dirac Equation – Properties of the gamma matrices –

DIRAC EQUATION	Traces – Relativistic invariance of Dirac equation – Probability Density – Current four vector – Bilinear covariant – Feynman’s theory of positron (Elementary ideas only without propagation formalism)
UNIT V: CLASSICAL FIELDS AND SECOND QUANTIZATION	Classical fields – Euler Lagrange equation – Hamiltonian formulation – Noether’s theorem – Quantization of real and complex scalar fields – Creation, Annihilation and Number operators – Fock states – Second Quantization of K-G field.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. P. M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010. 2. G. Aruldhas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009 3. L. I. Schiff, Quantum Mechanics, 3rd Edition, International Student Edition, McGraw-Hill Kogakusha, Tokyo, 1968 4. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 1st Edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2005. 5. Nouredine Zettili, Quantum mechanics concepts and applications, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2017
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. P. A. M. Dirac, The Principles of Quantum Mechanics, 4th Edition, Oxford University Press, London, 1973. 2. B. K. Agarwal & Hari Prakash, Quantum Mechanics, 7th reprint, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009. 3. Deep Chandra Joshi, Quantum Electrodynamics and Particle Physics, 1st edition, I.K. International Publishing house Pvt. Ltd., 2006 4. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, 4th Edition, Macmillan India, New Delhi. 5. E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-05-quantum-physics-ii-fall-2013/lecture notes/MIT8_05F13_Chap_09.pdf 2. http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/MP463/MP463_Ch1.pdf 3. http://hep.itp.tuwien.ac.at/~kreuzer/qt08.pdf 4. https://www.cmi.ac.in/~govind/teaching/rel-qm-rc13/rel-qm-notes-gk.pdf 5. https://web.mit.edu/dikaiser/www/FdsAmSci.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Familiarize the concept of scattering theory such as partial wave analysis and Born approximation	K1
CO2	Give a firm grounding in relativistic quantum mechanics, with emphasis on Dirac equation and related concepts	K2
CO3	Discuss the relativistic quantum mechanical equations namely, Klein-Gordon and Dirac equations and the phenomena accounted by them like electron spin and magnetic moment	K1, K4
CO4	Introduce the concept of covariance and the use of Feynman graphs for depicting different interactions	K1, K3
CO5	Demonstrate an understanding of field quantization and the explanation of the scattering matrix.	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	1	1	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO5	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	1	1	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO5	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2	3	3

Paper 4 - CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
---	---------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PH07	CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites
Basic knowledge of atomic physics, quantum mechanics and statistical mechanics.
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To describe various crystal structures, symmetry and to differentiate different types of bonding. ➤ To construct reciprocal space, understand the lattice dynamics and apply it to concept of specific heat. ➤ To critically assess various theories of electrons in solids and their impact in distinguishing solids. ➤ Outline different types of magnetic materials and explain the underlying phenomena. ➤ Elucidation of concepts of superconductivity, the underlying theories – relate to current areas of research.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: CRYSTAL PHYSICS	Types of lattices - Miller indices – Symmetry elements and allowed rotations - Simple crystal structures – Atomic Packing Factor- Crystal diffraction - Bragg's law – Scattered Wave Amplitude - Reciprocal Lattice (sc, bcc, fcc). Structure and properties of liquid crystals. Diffraction Conditions - Laue equations - Brillouin zone - Structure factor - Atomic form factor - Inert gas crystals - Cohesive energy of ionic crystals - Madelung constant - Types of crystal binding (general ideas).
UNIT II: LATTICE DYNAMICS	Lattice with two atoms per primitive cell - First Brillouin zone - Group and phase velocities - Quantization of lattice vibrations - Phonon momentum - Inelastic scattering by phonons - Debye's theory of lattice heat capacity - Thermal Conductivity - Umklapp processes.
UNIT III: THEORY OF METALS AND SEMICONDUCTORS	Free electron gas in three dimensions - Electronic heat capacity - Wiedemann-Franz law - Band theory of metals and semiconductors - Bloch theorem - Kronig-Penney model - Semiconductors - Intrinsic carrier concentration – Temperature Dependence - Mobility - Impurity conductivity – Impurity states - Hall effect - Fermi surfaces and construction - Experimental methods in Fermi surface studies - de Hass-van Alphen effect .
UNIT IV: MAGNETISM	Diamagnetism - Quantum theory of paramagnetism - Rare earth ion - Hund's rule - Quenching of orbital angular momentum - Adiabatic demagnetization - Quantum theory of ferromagnetism - Curie point - Exchange integral - Heisenberg's interpretation of Weiss field - Ferromagnetic domains - Bloch wall - Spin waves - Quantization - Magnons - Thermal excitation of magnons -

	Curie temperature and susceptibility of ferrimagnets - Theory of antiferromagnetism - Neel temperature.
UNIT V: Superconductivity	Experimental facts: Occurrence - Effect of magnetic fields - Meissner effect – Critical field – Critical current - Entropy and heat capacity - Energy gap - Microwave and infrared properties - Type I and II Superconductors. Theoretical Explanation: Thermodynamics of super conducting transition - London equation - Coherence length – Isotope effect - Cooper pairs – Bardeen Cooper Schrieffer (BCS) Theory – BCS to Bose – Einstein Condensation (BEC) regime- Nature of pairing and condensation of Fermions. Single particle tunneling - Josephson tunneling - DC and AC Josephson effects - High temperature Superconductors – SQUIDS.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. C. Kittel, 1996, <i>Introduction to Solid State Physics</i>, 7th Edition, Wiley, New York. 2. Rita John, <i>Solid State Physics</i>, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication. 3. A. J. Dekker, <i>Solid State Physics</i>, Macmillan India, New Delhi. 4. M. Ali Omar, 1974, <i>Elementary Solid State Physics – Principles and Applications</i>, Addison - Wesley 5. H. P. Myers, 1998, <i>Introductory Solid State Physics</i>, 2nd Edition, Viva Book, New Delhi.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. J. S. Blakemore, 1974 , <i>Solid state Physics</i>, 2nd Edition, W.B. Saunder, Philadelphia 2. H. M. Rosenburg, 1993, <i>The Solid State</i>, 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford. 3. J. M. Ziman, 1971, <i>Principles of the Theory of Solids</i>, Cambridge University Press, London. 4. C. Ross-Innes and E. H. Rhoderick, 1976, <i>Introduction to Superconductivity</i>, Pergamon, Oxford. 5. J. P. Srivastava, 2001, <i>Elements of Solid State Physics</i>, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://www.physics.uiuc.edu/research/electronicstructure/389/389-cal.html 2. http://www.cmmmp.ucl.ac.uk/%7Eaph/Teaching/3C25/index.html 3. https://www.britannica.com/science/crystal 4. https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/magnetism/ 5. https://www.brainkart.com/article/Super-Conductors_6824/

Paper 10 - ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
--	---------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PH08	ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Different coordinate systems, Laplace's equation, conducting & non-conducting medium, basic definitions in magnetism, propagation of electromagnetic waves, plasma

Learning Objectives

- To acquire knowledge about boundary conditions between two media and the technique of method of separation of variables
- To understand Biot – Savart's law and Ampere's circuital law
- To comprehend the physical ideas contained in Maxwell's equations, Coulomb & Lorentz gauges, conservation laws
- To assimilate the concepts of propagation, polarization, reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves
- To grasp the concept of plasma as the fourth state of matter

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: ELECTROSTATICS	Boundary value problems and Laplace equation – Boundary conditions and uniqueness theorem – Laplace equation in three dimension – Solution in Cartesian and spherical polar coordinates – Examples of solutions for boundary value problems. Polarization and displacement vectors - Boundary conditions - Dielectric sphere in a uniform field – Molecular polarizability and electrical susceptibility – Electrostatic energy in the presence of dielectric – Multipole expansion.
UNIT II: MAGNETOSTATICS	Biot-Savart's Law - Ampere's law - Magnetic vector potential and magnetic field of a localized current distribution - Magnetic moment, force and torque on a current distribution in an external field - Magnetostatic energy - Magnetic induction and magnetic field in macroscopic media - Boundary conditions - Uniformly magnetized sphere.
UNIT III: MAXWELL EQUATIONS	Faraday's laws of Induction - Maxwell's displacement current - Maxwell's equations - Vector and scalar potentials - Gauge invariance - Wave equation and plane wave solution- Coulomb and Lorentz gauges - Energy and momentum of the field - Poynting's theorem - Lorentz force - Conservation laws for a system of charges and electromagnetic fields.

<p style="text-align: center;">UNIT IV: WAVE PROPAGATION</p>	<p>Plane waves in non-conducting media - Linear and circular polarization, reflection and refraction at a plane interface - Waves in a conducting medium - Propagation of waves in a rectangular wave guide. Inhomogeneous wave equation and retarded potentials - Radiation from a localized source - Oscillating electric dipole</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">UNIT V: ELEMENTARY PLASMA PHYSICS</p>	<p>The Boltzmann Equation - Simplified magneto-hydrodynamic equations - Electron plasma oscillations - The Debye shielding problem - Plasma confinement in a magnetic field - Magneto-hydrodynamic waves - Alfvén waves and magnetosonic waves.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS</p>	<p>Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">TEXT BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. D. J. Griffiths, 2002, <i>Introduction to Electrodynamics</i>, 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 2. J. R. Reitz, F. J. Milford and R. W. Christy, 1986, <i>Foundations of Electromagnetic Theory</i>, 3rd edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. 3. J. D. Jackson, 1975, <i>Classical Electrodynamics</i>, Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi. 4. J. A. Bittencourt, 1988, <i>Fundamentals of Plasma Physics</i>, Pergamon Press, Oxford. 5. Gupta, Kumar and Singh, <i>Electrodynamics</i>, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi
<p style="text-align: center;">REFERENCE BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. W. Panofsky and M. Phillips, 1962, <i>Classical Electricity and Magnetism</i>, Addison Wesley, London. 2. J. D. Kraus and D. A. Fleisch, 1999, <i>Electromagnetics with Applications</i>, 5th Edition, WCB McGraw-Hill, New York. 3. B. Chakraborty, 2002, <i>Principles of Electrodynamics</i>, Books and Allied, Kolkata. 4. P. Feynman, R. B. Leighton and M. Sands, 1998, <i>The Feynman Lectures on Physics</i>, Vols. 2, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. 5. Andrew Zangwill, 2013, <i>Modern Electrodynamics</i>, Cambridge University Press, USA.
<p style="text-align: center;">WEB SOURCES</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://www.plasma.uu.se/CED/Book/index.html 2. http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/electromag/frame-notes.html 3. http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/em-topics/em-topics.html 4. http://dmoz.org/Science/Physics/Electromagnetism/Courses_and_Tutorials/ 5. https://www.cliffsnotes.com/study-guides/physics/electricity-and-magnetism/electrostatics

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Solve the differential equations using Laplace equation and to find solutions for boundary value problems	K1, K5
CO2	Use Biot-Savart's law and Ampere circuital law to find the magnetic induction & magnetic vector potential for various physical problems	K2, K3
CO3	Apply Maxwell's equations to describe how electromagnetic field behaves in different media	K3
CO4	Apply the concept of propagation of EM waves through wave guides in optical fiber communications and also in radar installations, calculate the transmission and reflection coefficients of electromagnetic waves	K3, K4
CO5	Investigate the interaction of ionized gases with self-consistent electric and magnetic fields	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3

Paper - 11 - Practical – III - NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING (FORTRAN/C)				II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER				
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHP03	Practical – III NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING (FORTRAN/C)	Core				3	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge in differential equation and linear algebra
Basic knowledge of operating system and computer fundamentals.

Learning Objectives

- The aim and objective of the course on Computational Practical is to familiarize the of M.Sc. students with the numerical methods used in computation and programming using any high level language such as C/FORTRAN
- To equip the computational skill using various mathematical tools.
- To apply the software tools to explore the concepts of physical science.
- To approach the real time activities using physics and mathematical formulations.

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Lagrange interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
2. Newton forward interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
3. Newton backward interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
4. Curve-fitting: Least squares fitting with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
5. Numerical integration by the trapezoidal rule with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
6. Numerical integration by Simpson's rule with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
7. Numerical solution of ordinary first-order differential equations by the Euler method with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
8. Numerical solution of ordinary first-order differential equations by the Runge- Kutta method with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
9. Finding Roots of a Polynomial - Bisection Method –
10. Finding Roots of a Polynomial - Newton Raphson Method –
11. Solution of Simultaneous Linear Equation by Gauss elimination method.
12. Solution of Ordinary Differential Equation by Euler
13. Runge Kutta Fourth Order Method for solving first order Ordinary Differential Equations
14. Newton's cotes formula
15. Trapezoidal rule
16. Simpson's 1/3 rule
17. Simpson's 3/8 rule
18. Boole's rule
19. Gaussian quadrature method (2 point and 3 point formula)
20. Giraffe's root square method for solving algebraic equation

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Numerical methods using Matlab – John Mathews & Kurtis Fink, Prentice Hall, New Jersey 2006 2. Numerical methods in Science and Engineering - M.K. Venkataraman, National Publishing Co. Madras, 1996 3. V. Rajaraman, 1993, Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, 3rd Ed. (Prentice-Hall, New Delhi. 4. M.K. Jain, S.R. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, 1995, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 3rd Ed. New Age International, New Delhi. 5. S.S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, PHI, New Delhi.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. S.D. Conte and C. de Boor, 1981, Elementary Numerical Analysis, An Algorithmic Approach, 3rd Ed., International Ed. (McGraw-Hill). 2. B.F. Gerald and P.O. Wheatley, 1994, Applied Numerical Analysis, 5th Edition, Addison Wesley, Reading, MA. 3. B. Carnahan, H.A. Luther and J.O. Wikes, 1969, Applied Numerical Methods (Wiley, New York. 4. S.S. Kuo, 1996, Numerical Methods and Computers, Addison - Wesley, London. 5. V. Rajaraman, Programming in FORTRAN/ Programming in C, PHI, New Delhi.

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total	Grade
25	75	100	

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Paper 12 - NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS**II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER**

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PH09	NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of basic structure of atom and nucleus.

Learning Objectives

- Introduces students to the different models of the nucleus in a chronological order
- Imparts an in-depth knowledge on the nuclear force, experiments to study it and the types of nuclear reactions and their principles
- Provides students with details of nuclear decay with relevant theories
- Exposes students to the Standard Model of Elementary Particles and Higgs boson

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: NUCLEAR MODELS	Liquid drop model – Weizacker mass formula – Isobaric mass parabola – Mirror Pair - Bohr Wheeler theory of fission – shell model – spin-orbit coupling – magic numbers – angular momenta and parity of ground states – magnetic moment – Schmidt model – electric Quadrupole moment - Bohr and Mottelson collective model – rotational and vibrational bands.

UNIT II: NUCLEAR FORCES	Nucleon – nucleon interaction – Tensor forces – properties of nuclear forces – ground state of deuteron – Exchange Forces - Meson theory of nuclear forces – Yukawa potential – nucleon-nucleon scattering – effective range theory – spin dependence of nuclear forces - charge independence and charge symmetry – isospin formalism.
UNIT III: NUCLEAR REACTIONS	Kinds of nuclear reactions – Reaction kinematics – Q-value – Partial wave analysis of scattering and reaction cross section – scattering length – Compound nuclear reactions – Reciprocity theorem – Resonances – Breit Wigner one level formula – Direct reactions - Nuclear Chain reaction – four factor formula.
UNIT IV: NUCLEAR DECAY	Beta decay – Continuous Beta spectrum – Fermi theory of beta decay - Comparative Half-life –Fermi Kurie Plot – mass of neutrino – allowed and forbidden decay — neutrino physics – Helicity - Parity violation - Gamma decay – multipole radiations – Angular Correlation - internal conversion – nuclear isomerism – angular momentum and parity selection rules.
UNIT V: ELEMENTARY PARTICLES	Classification of Elementary Particles – Types of Interaction and conservation laws – Families of elementary particles – Isospin – Quantum Numbers – Strangeness – Hypercharge and Quarks –SU (2) and SU (3) groups-Gell Mann matrices– Gell Mann Okuba Mass formula-Quark Model. Standard model of particle physics – Higgs boson.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. D. C. Tayal – Nuclear Physics – Himalaya Publishing House (2011) 2. K. S. Krane – Introductory Nuclear Physics – John Wiley & Sons (2008) 3. R. Roy and P. Nigam – Nuclear Physics – New Age Publishers (1996) 4. S. B. Patel – Nuclear Physics – An introduction – New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers (2011) 5. S. Glasstone – Source Book of Atomic Energy – Van Nostrand Reinhold Inc.,U.S.- 3rd Revised edition (1968)
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. L. J. Tassie – The Physics of elementary particles – Prentice Hall Press (1973) 2. H. A. Enge – Introduction to Nuclear Physics – Addison Wesley, Publishing Company. Inc. Reading. New York, (1974). 3. Kaplan – Nuclear Physics – 1989 – 2nd Ed. – Narosa (2002) 4. Bernard L Cohen – Concepts of Nuclear Physics – McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited; 1 edition (2001) 5. B.L. Cohen, 1971, Concepts of Nuclear Physics, TMCH, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://publ.ac.uk/link/n/nuclearphysics.html 2. http://www.phys.unsw.edu.au/PHYS3050/pdf/Nuclear_Models.pdf http://www.scholarpedia.org/article/Nuclear_Forces 3. https://www.nuclear-power.net/nuclear-power/nuclear-reactions/

	4. http://labman.phys.utk.edu/phys222core/modules/m12/nuclear_models.html 5. https://www.ndeed.org/EducationResources/HighSchool/Radiography/radioactivedecay.html
--	--

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the concepts of helicity, parity, angular correlation and internal conversion.	K1, K5
CO2	Demonstrate knowledge of fundamental aspects of the structure of the nucleus, radioactive decay, nuclear reactions and the interaction of radiation and matter.	K2, K3
CO3	Use the different nuclear models to explain different nuclear phenomena and the concept of resonances through Briet-Weigner single level formula	K3
CO4	Analyze data from nuclear scattering experiments to identify different properties of the nuclear force.	K3, K4
CO5	Summarize and identify allowed and forbidden nuclear reactions based on conservation laws of the elementary particles.	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3

Paper 13 - SPECTROSCOPY	II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER
--------------------------------	----------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PH010	SPECTROSCOPY	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Thorough understanding of electromagnetic spectrum, mathematical abilities, knowledge of molecules, their structure, bond nature, physical and chemical behaviour
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To comprehend the theory behind different spectroscopic methods ➤ To know the working principles along with an overview of construction of different types of spectrometers involved ➤ To explore various applications of these techniques in R &D. ➤ Apply spectroscopic techniques for the qualitative and quantitative analysis of various chemical compounds. ➤ Understand this important analytical tool

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY	Rotational spectra of diatomic molecules - Rigid Rotor (Diatomic Molecules)- reduced mass – rotational constant - - Effect of isotopic substitution - Non rigid rotator – centrifugal distortion constant- Intensity of Spectral Lines- Polyatomic molecules – linear – symmetric asymmetric top molecules - Hyperfine structure and quadrupole moment of linear molecules - Instrumentation techniques – block diagram -Information Derived from Rotational Spectra- Stark effect- Problems.
UNIT II: INFRA-RED SPECTROSCOPY	Vibrations of simple harmonic oscillator – zero-point energy- Anharmonic oscillator – fundamentals, overtones and combinations- Diatomic Vibrating Rotator- PR branch – PQR branch- Fundamental modes of vibration of H ₂ O and CO ₂ -Introduction to application of vibrational spectra- IR Spectrophotometer Instrumentation (Double Beam Spectrometer) – Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy - Interpretation of vibrational spectra– remote analysis of atmospheric gases like N ₂ O using FTIR by National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), India– other simple applications
UNIT III: RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY	Theory of Raman Scattering - Classical theory – molecular polarizability – polarizability ellipsoid - Quantum theory of Raman effect - rotational Raman spectra of linear molecule - symmetric top molecule – Stokes and anti-stokes line- SR branch -Raman activity of H ₂ O and CO ₂ -Mutual exclusion principle- determination of N ₂ O structure -Instrumentation technique and block diagram - structure determination of planar and non-planar molecules using IR and Raman

	techniques - FT Raman spectroscopy- SERS
UNIT IV: RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY	Nuclear and Electron spin-Interaction with magnetic field - Population of Energy levels - Larmor precession- Relaxation times - Double resonance- Chemical shift and its measurement - NMR of Hydrogen nuclei - Indirect Spin - Spin Interaction – interpretation of simple organic molecules - Instrumentation techniques of NMR spectroscopy – NMR in Chemical industries- MRI Scan Electron Spin Resonance: Basic principle –Total Hamiltonian (Direct Dipole-Dipole interaction and Fermi Contact Interaction) – Hyperfine Structure (Hydrogen atom) – ESR Spectra of Free radicals –g-factors – Instrumentation - Medical applications of ESR
UNIT V: UV SPECTROSCOPY	Origin of UV spectra - Laws of absorption – Lambert Bouguer law – Lambert Beer law - molar absorptivity – transmittance and absorbance - Color in organic compounds- Absorption by organic Molecule -Chromophores -Effect of conjugation on chromophores - Choice of Solvent and Solvent effect - Absorption by inorganic systems - Instrumentation - double beam UV-Spectrophotometer -Simple applications
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. C N Banwell and E M McCash, 1994, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw–Hill, New Delhi. 2. G Aruldhas, 1994, Molecular Structure and Molecular Spectroscopy, Prentice–Hall of India, New Delhi. 3. D.N. Satyanarayana, 2001, <i>Vibrational Spectroscopy and Applications</i>, New Age International Publication. 4. B.K. Sharma, 2015, <i>Spectroscopy</i>, Goel Publishing House Meerut. 5. Kalsi.P.S, 2016, Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds (7th Edition), New Age International Publishers.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. J L McHale, 2008, Molecular Spectroscopy, Pearson Education India, New Delhi. 2. J M Hollas, 2002, Basic Atomic and Molecular Spectroscopy, Royal Society of Chemistry, RSC, Cambridge. 3. B. P. Straughan and S. Walker, 1976, Spectroscopy Vol. I, Chapman and Hall, New York. 4. K. Chandra, 1989, Introductory Quantum Chemistry, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 5. Demtroder. W, Laser Spectroscopy: Basic concepts and Instrumentation, Springer Link.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0iQhirTf2PI 2. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/spectroscopy/introduction-3N5D5 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/spectroscopy/infrared-spectroscopy-8jEee

	<p>4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cy08/preview</p> <p>5. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/spectroscopy/nmr-spectroscopy-introduction-XCWRu</p>
--	---

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand fundamentals of rotational spectroscopy, view molecules as elastic rotors and interpret their behaviour. Able to quantify their nature and correlate them with their characteristic properties.	K2
CO2	Understand the working principles of spectroscopic instruments and theoretical background of IR spectroscopy. Able to correlate mathematical process of Fourier transformations with instrumentation. Able to interpret vibrational spectrum of small molecules.	K2, K3
CO3	Interpret structures and composition of molecules and use their knowledge of Raman Spectroscopy as an important analytical tool	K5
CO4	Use these resonance spectroscopic techniques for quantitative and qualitative estimation of a substances	K4
CO5	Learn the electronic transitions caused by absorption of radiation in the UV/Vis region of the electromagnetic spectrum and be able to analyze a simple UV spectrum.	K1, K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Paper 14 - NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING	II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER
--	----------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PH11	NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites
Prior knowledge on computer and basic mathematics
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To make students to understand different numerical approaches to solve a problem. ➤ To understand the basics of programming

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: SOLUTIONS OF EQUATIONS	Zeros or Roots of an equation - Non-linear algebraic equation and transcendental equations - Zeros of polynomials –Roots of polynomials, nonlinear algebraic equations and transcendental equations using Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods – Convergence of solutions in Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods – Limitations of Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods.

<p align="center">UNIT II: LINEAR SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS</p>	<p>Simultaneous linear equations and their matrix representation– Inverse of a Matrix – Solution of simultaneous equations by Matrix inversion method and its limitations – Gaussian elimination method – Gauss Jordan method – Inverse of a matrix by Gauss elimination method - Eigen values and eigenvectors of matrices – Direct method - Power method and Jacobi Method to find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT III: INTERPOLATION AND CURVE FITTING</p>	<p>Interpolation with equally spaced points - Newton forward and backward interpolation - Interpolation with unevenly spaced points - Lagrange interpolation – Curve fitting – Method of least squares – Fitting a polynomial.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT IV: DIFFERENTIATION, INTEGRATION AND SOLUTION OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS</p>	<p>Numerical differentiation – Numerical integration – Trapezoidal rule – Simpson’s rule – Error estimates – Gauss-Legendre, Gauss-Laguerre, Gauss-Hermite and Gauss-Chebyshev quadrature – solution of ordinary differential equations – Euler and Runge Kutta methods.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT V: PROGRAMMING WITH C</p>	<p>Flow-charts – Integer and floating point arithmetic expressions – Built-in functions – Executable and non-executable statements – Subroutines and functions – Programs for the following computational methods: (a) Zeros of polynomials by the bisection method, (b) Zeros of polynomials/non-linear equations by the Newton-Raphson method, (c) Newton’s forward and backward interpolation, Lagrange Interpolation, (d) Trapezoidal and Simpson’s Rules, (e) Solution of first order differential equations by Euler’s method.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS</p>	<p>Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism</p>
<p align="center">TEXT BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. V. Rajaraman, 1993, Computer oriented Numerical Methods, 3rd Edition. PHI, New Delhi 2. M. K .Jain, S. R. Iyengar and R. K. Jain, 1995, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 3rd Edition, New Age Intl., New Delhi 3. S. S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical analysis, PHI, New Delhi 4. F. Scheid, 1998, Numerical Analysis, 2nd Edition, Schaum’s series, McGraw Hill, New York 5. W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling and B. P. Flannery, 1992, Numerical Recipes in FORTRAN, 2nd Edition, Cambridge Univ. Press
<p align="center">REFERENCE BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. S. D. Conte and C. de Boor, 1981, Elementary Numerical analysis-an algorithmic approach, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill,) 2. B. F. Gerald, and P. O. Wheatley, 1994, Applied Numerical analysis, 5th Edition, Addison-Wesley, MA. 3. B. Carnagan, H. A. Luther and J. O. Wilkes, 1969, Applied Numerical Methods, Wiley, New York.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. S. S. Kuo, 1996, Numerical Methods and Computers, Addison-Wesley. 5. V. Rajaraman, Programming in FORTRAN / Programming in C, PHI, New Delhi
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.scribd.com/doc/202122350/Computer-Oriented-Numerical-Methods-by-V-RajaRaman 2. https://www.scirp.org/(S(lz5mqp453edsnp55rrgjt55))/reference/referencespapers.aspx?referenceid=1682874 3. https://nptel.ac.in/course/122106033/ 4. https://nptel.ac.in/course/103106074/ 5. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ma33/preview

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Recall the transcendental equations and analyze the different root finding methods. Understand the basic concept involved in root finding procedure such as Newton Raphson and Bisection methods, their limitations.	K1, K2
CO2	Relate Simultaneous linear equations and their matrix representation Distinguish between various methods in solving simultaneous linear equations.	K5
CO3	Understand, how interpolation will be used in various realms of physics and Apply to some simple problems Analyze the newton forward and backward interpolation	K2, K3
CO4	Recollect and apply methods in numerical differentiation and integration. Assess the trapezoidal and Simson's method of numerical integration.	K3, K4
CO5	Understand the basics of C-programming and conditional statements.	K2
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3

Paper 15 - PRACTICAL IV: MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051	II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER
--	----------------------------------

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PHP04	PRACTICAL IV: MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051	Core				3	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of digital principles

Learning Objectives

- To understand the theory and working of Microprocessor, Microcontroller and their applications
- To use microprocessor and Microcontroller in different applications

Course Details

Practical IV: MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051 (ANY TWELVE EXPERIMENTS)

1. 8-bit addition and subtraction, multiplication and division
2. Sum of a set of N data (8-bit number), picking up the smallest and largest number in an array. Sorting in ascending and descending order
3. Code conversion (8-bit number): a) Binary to BCD b) BCD to binary
4. Addition of multi byte numbers, Factorial
5. Clock program- 12/24 hours-Real time application – Six Digits Hexa Decimal and Decimal Counters
6. Interfacing of LED – Binary up/down counter, BCD up/down counter and N/2N up/down counter
7. Interfacing of seven segment display
8. Interfacing of 8-bit R / 2R ladder DAC (IC 741) – Wave form generation – Square, Rectangular, Triangular, Saw tooth and Sine waves
9. DAC 0800/ DAC 1048 interface and wave form generation (Unipolar/ Bipolar output)
10. ADC 0809 interface
11. Interfacing of DC stepper motor – Clockwise, Anti-clockwise, Angular movement and Wiper action
12. Interfacing of Temperature Controller and Measurement
13. Water level detector
14. Elevator
15. Traffic Light Controller
16. Key board Interface
17. Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division of 8-bit numbers.
18. Sum of a series of 8-bit numbers
19. Average of N numbers
20. Factorial of number

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 21. Fibonacci series of N terms 22. Multi byte Addition / Subtraction Sorting 23. g in ascending and descending order – Picking up smallest and largest number 24. LED interface – Binary up/down counter, BCD up/down counter, Ring and twisted ring counter. 25. Interfacing seven segment displays 26. DAC 0800 / 1408 interface and wave form generation 27. ADC interfacing 28. Stepper motor interfacing 29. Temperature controller and Measurements 30. Traffic light controller
<p style="text-align: center;">TEXT BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Douglas V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing programming and Hardware, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications (2008) 2. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D. Mckinlay, The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, Pearson Education (2008). 3. V. Vijayendran, 2005, Fundamentals of Microprocessor-8085”, 3rd Edition S. Visvanathan Pvt, Ltd. 4. The 8085 Microprocessor, Architecture, Programming and Interfacing – K. Udaya Kumar, S. Uma Shankar, Pearson 5. Fundamentals of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers - B. Ram, Dhanpat Rai Publications
<p style="text-align: center;">REFERENCE BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. W. A. Tribel, Avtar Singh, “The 8086/8088 Microprocessors: Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications”, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 2. Microprocessor and Its Application - S. Malarvizhi, Anuradha Agencies Publications 3. Microprocessor Architecture, Program And Its Application With 8085 - R.S. Gaonkar, New Age International (P) Ltd 4. Barry B. Brey, 1995, The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80186, 80286, 80386 and 80486, 3rd Edition, Prentice- Hall of India, New Delhi. 5. J. Uffrenbeck, “The 8086/8088 Family-Design, Programming and Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications”, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total	Grade
25	75	100	

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Develop the programming skills of Microprocessor	K5
CO2	Appreciate the applications of Microprocessor programming	K3
CO3	Understand the structure and working of 8085 microprocessor and apply it.	K1, K3
CO4	Acquire knowledge about the interfacing peripherals with 8085 microprocessor.	K1, K4
CO5	Acquire knowledge about the interfacing 8051 microcontroller with various peripherals.	K1, K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO2	2	1	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO2	2	1	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2

Elective - List 1 – 1. ENERGY PHYSICS	I/II YEAR - FIRST/THIRD SEMESTER
--	---

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHE01	ENERGY PHYSICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of conventional energy resources

Learning Objectives

- To learn about various renewable energy sources.
- To know the ways of effectively utilizing the oceanic energy.
- To study the method of harnessing wind energy and its advantages.
- To learn the techniques useful for the conversion of biomass into useful energy.
- To know about utilization of solar energy.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO ENERGY SOURCES	Conventional and non-conventional energy sources and their availability–prospects of Renewable energy sources– Energy from other sources–chemical energy–Nuclear energy– Energy storage and distribution.
UNIT II: ENERGY FROM THE OCEANS	Energy utilization–Energy from tides–Basic principle of tidal power–utilization of tidal energy – Principle of ocean thermal energy conversion systems.
UNIT III: WIND ENERGY SOURCES	Basic principles of wind energy conversion–power in the wind–forces in the Blades– Wind energy conversion–Advantages and disadvantages of wind energy conversion systems (WECS) - Energy storage–Applications of wind energy.
UNIT IV: ENERGY FROM BIOMASS	Biomass conversion Technologies– wet and dry process– Photosynthesis - Biogas Generation: Introduction–basic process: Aerobic and anaerobic digestion – Advantages of anaerobic digestion–factors affecting bio digestion and generation of gas- bio gas from waste fuel– properties of biogas-utilization of biogas.
UNIT V: SOLAR ENERGY SOURCES	Solar radiation and its measurements–solar cells: Solar cells for direct conversion of solar energy to electric powers–solar cell parameter–solar cell electrical characteristics– Efficiency–solar water Heater –solar distillation– solar cooking–solar greenhouse – Solar pond and its applications.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. G.D. Rai, 1996, Non – convention sources of, 4th edition, Khanna publishers, New Delhi. 2. S. Rao and Dr. Paru Lekar, Energy technology. 3. M.P. Agarwal, Solar Energy, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi (1983). 4. Solar energy, principles of thermal collection and storage by S. P. Sukhatme, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Lt., New Delhi (1997). 5. Energy Technology by S. Rao and Dr. Parulekar.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Renewable energy resources, John Twidell and Tonyweir, Taylor and Francis group, London and New York. 2. Applied solar energy, A. B. Meinel and A. P. Meinal 3. John Twidell and Tony Weir, Renewable energy resources, Taylor and Francis group, London and New York. 4. Renewal Energy Technologies: A Practical Guide for Beginners C.S. Solanki-PHI Learning 5. Introduction to Non-Conventional Energy Resources -Raja et. al., Sci. Tech Publications
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.open.edu/openlearn/ocw/mod/oucontent/view.php?id=2411&printable=1 2. https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/tidal-energy/ 3. https://www.ge.com/renewableenergy/wind-energy/what-is-wind-energy 4. https://www.reenergyholdings.com/renewable-energy/what-is-biomass/ 5. https://www.acciona.com/renewable-energy/solar-energy/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	To identify various forms of renewable and non-renewable energy sources	K1
CO2	Understand the principle of utilizing the oceanic energy and apply it for practical applications.	K2
CO3	Discuss the working of a windmill and analyze the advantages of wind energy.	K3
CO4	Distinguish aerobic digestion process from anaerobic digestion.	K3, K4
CO5	Understand the components of solar radiation, their measurement and apply them to utilize solar energy.	K2, K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3

Elective - List 1 – 2. CRYSTAL GROWTH AND THIN FILMS	I/II YEAR – FIRST/THIRD SEMESTER
---	---

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHE02	CRYSTAL GROWTH AND THIN FILMS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of Crystal Physics

Learning Objectives

- To acquire the knowledge on Nucleation and Kinetics of crystal growth
- To understand the Crystallization Principles and Growth techniques
- To study various methods of Crystal growth techniques
- To understand the thin film deposition methods
- To apply the techniques of Thin Film Formation and thickness Measurement

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: CRYSTAL GROWTH KINETICS	Basic Concepts, Nucleation and Kinetics of growth Ambient phase equilibrium - super saturation - equilibrium of finite phases equation of Thomson - Gibbs - Types of Nucleation - Formation of critical Nucleus - Classical theory of Nucleation - Homo and heterogeneous formation of 3D nuclei - rate of Nucleation - Growth from vapour phase solutions, solutions and melts - epitaxial growth - Growth mechanism and classification - Kinetics of growth of epitaxial films

<p align="center">UNIT II: CRYSTALLIZATION PRINCIPLES</p>	<p>Crystallization Principles and Growth techniques Classes of Crystal system - Crystal symmetry - Solvents and solutions - Solubility diagram - Super solubility - expression for super saturation - Metastable zone and introduction period - Miers TC diagram - Solution growth - Low and high temperatures solution growth - Slow cooling and solvent evaporation methods - Constant temperature bath as a Crystallizer.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT III: GEL, MELT AND VAPOUR GROWTH</p>	<p>Gel, Melt and Vapour growth techniques Principle of Gel techniques - Various types of Gel - Structure and importance of Gel - Methods of Gel growth and advantages - Melt techniques - Czochralski growth - Floating zone - Bridgeman method - Horizontal gradient freeze - Flux growth - Hydrothermal growth - Vapour phase growth - Physical vapour deposition - Chemical vapour deposition - Stoichiometry.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT IV: THIN FILM DEPOSITION METHODS</p>	<p>Thin film deposition methods of thin film preparation, Thermal evaporation, Electron beam evaporation, pulsed LASER deposition, Cathodic sputtering, RF Magnetron sputtering, MBE, chemical vapour deposition methods, Sol Gel spin coating, Spray pyrolysis, Chemical bath deposition.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT V: THIN FILM FORMATION</p>	<p>Thin Film Formation and thickness Measurement Nucleation, Film growth and structure - Various stages in Thin Film formation, Thermodynamics of Nucleation, Nucleation theories, Capillarity model and Atomistic model and their comparison. Structure of Thin Film, Roll of substrate, Roll of film thickness, Film thickness measurement - Interferometry, Ellipsometry, Micro balance, Quartz Crystal Oscillator techniques.</p>
<p align="center">UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS</p>	<p>Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism</p>
<p align="center">TEXT BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. V. Markov Crystal growth for beginners: Fundamentals of Nucleation, Crystal Growth and Epitaxy (2004) 2nd edition 2. A. Goswami, Thin Film Fundamentals (New Age, New Delhi, 2008) 3. M. Ohora and R. C. Reid, "Modeling of Crystal Growth Rates from Solution" 4. D. Elwell and H. J. Scheel, "Crystal Growth from High Temperature Solution" 5. Heinz K. Henish, 1973, "Crystal Growth in Gels", Cambridge University Press. USA.
<p align="center">REFERENCE BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. J.C. Brice, Crystal Growth Process (John Wiley, New York, 1986) 2. P. Ramasamy and F. D. Gnanam, 1983, "UGC Summer School Notes".

	3. P. Santhana Raghavan and P. Ramasamy, "Crystal Growth Processes", KRU Publications. 4. H.E. Buckley, 1951, Crystal Growth, John Wiley and Sons, New York 5. B.R. Pamplin, 1980, Crystal Growth, Pergman Press, London.
WEB SOURCES	1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLbMVogVj5nJRjLrXp3kMtrIO8kZl1D1Jp 2. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLFW61RTa1g83HGEihgwy7KeTLUuBu3WF 3. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLADLRin7kNjG1Dlna9MDA53CMKFHPSi9m 4. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLXHedI-xbyr8xII_KQFs_R_oky3Yd1Emw 5. https://www.electrical4u.com/thermal-conductivity-of-metals/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Acquire the Basic Concepts, Nucleation and Kinetics of crystal growth	K1
CO2	Understand the Crystallization Principles and Growth techniques	K2, K4
CO3	Study various methods of Crystal growth techniques	K3
CO4	Understand the Thin film deposition methods	K2
CO5	Apply the techniques of Thin Film Formation and thickness Measurement	K3, K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	1	2	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO5	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	1	2	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	3	1
CO5	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	2

Elective - List 1 – 3. ANALYSIS OF CRYSTAL STRUCTURES					I/II YEAR – FIRST/THIRD SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name				Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHE03	ANALYSIS OF CRYSTAL STRUCTURES				ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Fundamentals of crystal structures, symmetry and X-Ray Diffraction techniques
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To teach the concept of crystal structures and symmetry, and diffraction theory ➤ To provide students with a background to X-ray generation, scattering theory and experimental diffraction from single crystals ➤ To provide instruction on the methods and basis for determining low-molecular weight crystal structures using X-ray Crystallography ➤ To give the students a background to the instrumentation used for powder diffraction and structure refinement using Rietveld method ➤ To teach the different levels of structure exhibited by proteins and nucleic acids and methods used in protein crystallography.

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I: CRYSTAL LATTICE	Unit cell and Bravais lattices - crystal planes and directions - basic symmetry elements operations - translational symmetries - point groups - space groups - equivalent positions - Bragg's law - reciprocal lattice concept -Laue conditions - Ewald and limiting spheres - diffraction symmetry - Laue groups.
UNIT II: DIFFRACTION	X-ray generation, properties - sealed tube, rotating anode, synchrotron radiation - absorption - filters and monochromators Atomic scattering factor - Fourier transformation and structure factor - anomalous dispersion - Laue, rotation/oscillation, moving film methods-interpretation of diffraction patterns - cell parameter determination - systematic absences - space group determination.

<p style="text-align: center;">UNIT III: STRUCTURE ANALYSIS</p>	<p>Single crystal diffractometers - geometries - scan modes - scintillation and area detectors -intensity data collection - data reduction - factors affecting X-ray intensities - temperature and scale factor - electron density - phase problem - normalized structure factor - direct method fundamentals and procedures -Patterson function and heavy atom method - structure refinement - least squares method - Fourier and difference Fourier synthesis - R factor - structure interpretation - geometric calculations - conformational studies - computer program packages.</p>
--	--

<p style="text-align: center;">UNIT IV: POWDER METHODS</p>	<p>Fundamentals of powder diffraction - Debye Scherrer method - diffractometer geometries - use of monochromators and Soller slits - sample preparation and data collection - identification of unknowns - powder diffraction files (ICDD) - Rietveld refinement fundamentals - profile analysis - peak shapes - whole pattern fitting - structure refinement procedures – auto-indexing – structure determination from powder data - new developments. Energy dispersive X-ray analysis – texture studies - crystallite size determination - residual stress analysis - high and low temperature and high pressure crystallography (basics only).</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">UNIT V: PROTEIN CRYSTALLOGRAPHY</p>	<p>Globular and fibrous proteins, nucleic acids - primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures - helical and sheet structures - Ramachandran map and its significance – crystallization methods for proteins - factors affecting protein crystallization - heavy atom derivatives – methods used to solve protein structures - anomalous dispersion methods.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS</p>	<p>Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">TEXT BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Azaroff, L.V., "Elements of X-Ray Crystallography", Techbooks, New York, 1992. 2. Blundell, T.L. and Johnson, L., "Protein Crystallography", Academic Press, New York, 1986. 3. Cullity, B.D. and Stock, S.R. "Elements of X-ray Diffraction", Pearson, 2014. 4. H.L. Bhat, Introduction to Crystal Growth Principles and Practice CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton, Florida, 2015. 5. B.R. Pamplin, Crystal Growth, Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1975.
<p style="text-align: center;">REFERENCE BOOKS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Glusker, J.P. and Trueblood, K.N. Crystal Structure Analysis: A Primer", Oxford University, Press, New York, 1994. 2. Ladd, M.F.C. and Palmer, R.A., "Structure Determination by X-ray Crystallography", Plenum Press, New York, 3rd Edition, 1993. 3. Stout, G.H. and Jensen, L. "X-ray Structure Determination, A Practical Guide", Macmillan, New York, 1989.

Elective - List 1 – 4. MATERIALS SCIENCE	I/II YEAR - FIRST/THIRD SEMESTER
---	---

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHE04	MATERIALS SCIENCE	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

- | |
|---|
| ➤ Basic knowledge on different types of materials |
|---|

Learning Objectives

- | |
|---|
| ➤ To gain knowledge on optoelectronic materials
➤ To learn about ceramic processing and advanced ceramics
➤ To understand the processing and applications of polymeric materials
➤ To gain knowledge on the fabrication of composite materials
➤ To learn about shape memory alloys, metallic glasses and nanomaterials |
|---|

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I: OPTOELECTRONIC MATERIALS	Importance of optical materials – properties: Band gap and lattice matching – optical absorption and emission – charge injection, quasi-Fermi levels and recombination – optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum structures: Inter-band and intra-band transitions Organic semiconductors. Light propagation in materials – Electro-optic effect and modulation, electro-absorption modulation – exciton quenching.
UNIT II CERAMIC MATERIALS	Ceramic processing: powder processing, milling and sintering – structural ceramics: zirconia, alumina, silicon carbide, tungsten carbide – electronic ceramics – refractories – glass and glass ceramics
UNIT III POLYMERIC MATERIALS	Polymers and copolymers – molecular weight measurement – synthesis: chain growth polymerization – polymerization techniques – glass transition temperature and its measurement – viscoelasticity – polymer processing techniques – applications: conducting polymers, biopolymers and high temperature polymers.
UNIT IV COMPOSITE MATERIALS	Particle reinforced composites – fiber reinforced composites – mechanical behavior – fabrication methods of polymer matrix composites and metal matrix composites – carbon/carbon composites: fabrication and applications.
UNIT V: NEW MATERIALS	Shape memory alloys: mechanisms of one-way and two-way shape memory effect, reverse transformation, thermo-elasticity and pseudo-elasticity, examples and applications -bulk metallic glass: criteria for glass formation and stability, examples and mechanical behavior - nanomaterials: classification, size effect on structural and functional properties, processing and properties of Nano crystalline materials, single walled and multi walled carbon nanotubes

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Jasprit Singh, Electronic and optoelectronic properties of semiconductor structures, Cambridge University Press, 2007 2. P. K. Mallick. Fiber-Reinforced Composites. CRC Press, 2008. 3. V. Raghavan, 2003, Materials Science and Engineering, 4th Edition, Prentice- Hall India, New Delhi(For units 2,3,4 and 5) 4. G.K. Narula, K.S. Narula and V.K. Gupta, 1988, Materials Science, Tata McGraw-Hill 5. M. Arumugam, 2002, Materials Science, 3rd revised Edition, Anuratha Agencies
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, B. Raj, B. B. Rath and J. Murday. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology. Springer- Verlag, 2012. 2. K. Yamauchi, I. Ohkata, K. Tsuchiya and S. Miyazaki (Eds). Shape Memory and Super Elastic Alloys: Technologies and Applications. Wood head Publishing Limited, 2011. 3. Lawrence H. Van Vlack, 1998. Elements of Materials Science and Engineering, 6th Edition, Second ISE reprint, Addison-Wesley. 4. H. Iabch and H. Luth, 2002, Solid State Physics – An Introduction to Principles of Materials Science, 2nd Edition, Springer. 5. D. Hull & T. W. Clyne, An introduction to composite materials, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_mm02/preview 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104229 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105081 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105025/ https://eng.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Materials_Science/Supplemental_Modules_(Materials_Science)/Electronic_Properties/Lattice_Vibrations

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Acquire knowledge on optoelectronic materials	K1
CO2	Be able to prepare ceramic materials	K3
CO3	Be able to understand the processing and applications of polymeric materials	K2, K3
CO4	Be aware of the fabrication of composite materials	K5
CO5	Be knowledgeable of shape memory alloys, metallic glasses and nanomaterials	K1
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

**Elective - List 1 – 5. PHYSICS OF
NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**I/II YEAR –
FIRST/THIRD SEMESTER**

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category				Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
			L	T	P			
23P1PHE05	PHYSICS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge in Solid State Physics

Learning Objectives

- Physics of Nanoscience and Technology is concerned with the study, creation, manipulation and applications at nanometer scale.
- To provide the basic knowledge about nanoscience and technology.
- To learn the structures and properties of nanomaterials.
- To acquire the knowledge about synthesis methods and characterization techniques and its applications.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	Fundamentals of NANO – Historical Perspective on Nanomaterial and Nanotechnology – Classification of Nanomaterials – Metal and Semiconductor Nanomaterials - 2D, 1D, 0D nanostructured materials - Quantum dots – Quantum wires – Quantum wells - Surface effects of nanomaterials.
UNIT II: PROPERTIES OF NANOMATERIALS	Physical properties of Nanomaterials: Melting points, specific heat capacity, and lattice constant - Mechanical behavior: Elastic properties – strength - ductility - superplastic behavior - Optical properties: - Surface Plasmon Resonance – Quantum size effects - Electrical properties - Conductivity, Ferroelectrics and dielectrics - Magnetic properties – super para magnetism – Diluted magnetic semiconductor (DMS).
UNIT III: SYNTHESIS AND FABRICATION	Physical vapour deposition - Chemical vapour deposition - sol-gel – Wet deposition techniques - electrochemical deposition method – Plasma arching - Electrospinning method - ball milling technique - pulsed laser deposition - Nanolithography: photolithography – Nanomanipulator.
UNIT IV: CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES	Powder X-ray diffraction – X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) - UV-visible spectroscopy – Photoluminescence - Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) - Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) - Scanning probe microscopy (SPM) - Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) – Vibrating sample Magnetometer.
UNIT V: APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS	Sensors: Nanosensors based on optical and physical properties - Electrochemical sensors – Nano-biosensors. Nano Electronics: Nanobots - display screens - GMR read/write heads - Carbon Nanotube Emitters – Photocatalytic application: Air purification, water purification -Medicine: Imaging of cancer cells – biological tags - drug delivery - photodynamic therapy - Energy: fuel cells - rechargeable batteries - supercapacitors - photovoltaics.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Pradeep T., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. (2012). 2. Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, M.A. Shah, Tokeer Ahmad, Narosa Publishing House Pvt Ltd., (2010). 3. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, K. K. Chattopadhyay and A.N. Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, (2012). 4. Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press, (2002). 5. Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics, D.P. Kothari, V. Velmurugan and Rajit Ram Singh, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. (2018)

REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials – Huozhong Gao – Imperial College Press (2004). 2. Richard Booker and Earl Boysen, (2005) Nanotechnology, Wiley Publishing Inc. USA 3. Nano particles and Nano structured films; Preparation, Characterization and Applications, J. H. Fendler John Wiley and Sons. (2007) 4. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, B. S. Murty, et al., Universities Press. (2012) 5. The Nanoscope (Encyclopedia of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology), Dr. Parag Diwan and Ashish Bharadwaj (2005) Vol. IV - Nanoelectronics Pentagon Press, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. www.its.caltec.edu/feyman/plenty.html 2. http://www.library.ualberta.ca/subject/nanoscience/guide/index.cfm 3. http://www.understandingnano.com 4. http://www.nano.gov 5. http://www.nanotechnology.com

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basic of nanoscience and explore the different types of nanomaterials and should comprehend the surface effects of the nanomaterials.	K1, K2
CO2	Explore various physical, mechanical, optical, electrical and magnetic properties nanomaterials.	K1
CO3	Understand the process and mechanism of synthesis and fabrication of nanomaterials.	K2, K3
CO4	Analyze the various characterization of Nano-products through diffraction, spectroscopic, microscopic and other techniques.	K4
CO5	Apply the concepts of nanoscience and technology in the field of sensors, robotics, purification of air and water and in the energy devices.	K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3

Elective - List 1 – 6. DIGITAL COMMUNICATION	I/II YEAR - FIRST/THIRD SEMESTER
---	---

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHE06	DIGITAL COMMUNICATION	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Exposure to Fourier transform, pulse modulation, multiplexing, noises in communication signals

Learning Objectives

- To understand the use of Fourier, transform in analyzing the signals
- To learn about the quanta of transmission of information
- To make students familiar with different types of pulse modulation
- To have an in depth knowledge about the various methods of error controlling codes
- To acquire knowledge about spread spectrum techniques in getting secured communication

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: SIGNAL ANALYSIS	Fourier transforms of gate functions, delta functions at the origin – Two delta function and periodic delta function – Properties of Fourier transform – Frequency shifting –Time shifting - Convolution –Graphical representation – Convolution theorem – Time Convolution theorem – Frequency Convolution theorem –Sampling theorem.
UNIT II: INFORMATION THEORY	Communication system – Measurement of information – Coding – Bandot Code CCITT Code –Hartley Law – Noise in an information Carrying Channel- Effects of noise- Capacity of noise in a channel – Shannon Hartley theorem –Redundancy.
UNIT III: PULSE MODULATION	Pulse amplitude modulation - natural sampling – Instantaneous sampling - Transmission of PAM Signals -Pulse width modulation – Time division multiplexing – Band width requirements for PAM Signals. Pulse Code Modulation –Principles of PCM –Quantizing noise – Generation and demodulation of PCM -Effects of noise –Companding – Advantages and application

UNIT IV: ERROR CONTROL CODING	Introduction to Linear Block Codes, Hamming Codes, BCH Coding, RS Coding, Convolutional Coding, Coding Grain Viterbi Coding
UNIT V: SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEMS	Pseudo Noise sequences, generation and Correlation properties, direct sequence spread spectrum systems, frequency HOP Systems, processing gain, anti-jam and multipath performance
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. B.P. Lathi, <i>Communication system</i>, Wiley Eastern. 2. George Kennedy, <i>Electronic Communication Systems</i>, 3rd Edition, Mc Graw Hill. 3. Simon Haykin, <i>Communication System</i>, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons. 4. George Kennedy and Davis, 1988, <i>Electronic Communication System</i>, Tata McGraw Hill 4th Edition. 5. Taub and Schilling, 1991, "<i>Principles of Communication System</i>", Second edition Tata McGraw Hill.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. John Proakis, 1995, <i>Digital Communication</i>, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill, Malaysia. 2. M. K. Simen, 1999, <i>Digital Communication Techniques, Signal Design and Detection</i>, Prentice Hall of India. 3. Dennis Roddy and Coolen, 1995, <i>Electronics communications</i>, Prentice Hall of India IV Edition. 4. Wave Tomasi, 1998, "<i>Advanced Electronics communication System</i>" 4th Edition Prentice Hall, Inc. 5. M.Kulkarni, 1988, "<i>Microwave and Radar Engineering</i>", Umesh Publications.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/ 2. http://web.ewu.edu/ 3. http://www.ece.umd.edu/class/enee630.F2012.html 4. http://www.atcourses.com/Advanced%20Topics%20in%20Digital%20Signals 5. http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/117101051.html

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Apply the techniques of Fourier transform, convolution and sampling theorems in signal processing	K1, K3
CO2	Apply different information theories in the process of study of coding of information, storage and communication	K3
CO3	Explain and compare the various methods of pulse modulation techniques	K4
CO4	Apply the error control coding techniques in detecting and correcting errors-able to discuss, analyze and compare the different error control coding	K3, K4

CO5	Apply, discuss and compare the spread spectrum techniques for secure communications	K3, k5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	3

Elective List 1 – 7. COMMUNICATION ELECTRONICS	I/II YEAR – FIRST/THIRD SEMESTER
---	---

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHE07	COMMUNICATION ELECTRONICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Knowledge of Regions of electromagnetic spectrum and its characteristics
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To comprehend the transmission of electromagnetic waves through different types of antenna and also to acquire knowledge about the propagation of waves through earth's atmosphere and along the surface of the earth ➤ To gain knowledge in the generation and propagation of microwaves ➤ To acquire knowledge about radar systems and its applications and also the working

- principle of colour television
- To learn the working principle of fiber optics and its use in telecommunication
 - To understand the general theory and operation of satellite communication systems

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION	Radiation field and radiation resistance of short dipole antenna-grounded antenna-ungrounded antenna-antenna arrays-broadside and end side arrays-antenna gain-directional high frequency antennas-sky wave-ionosphere- Eccles and Larmor theory- Magnento ionic theory-ground wave propagation
UNIT II: MICROWAVES	Microwave generation—multi cavity Klystron-reflex klystron-magnetron travelling wave tubes (TWT) and other microwave tubes-MASER-Gunn diode-wave guides-rectangular wave guides-standing wave indicator and standing wave ratio(SWR)
UNIT III: RADAR AND TELEVISION	Elements of a radar system-radar equation-radar performance Factors radar transmitting systems-radar antennas-duplexers-radar receivers and indicators-pulsed systems-other radar systems- colour TV transmission and reception-colour mixing principle-colour picture tubes- Delta gun picture tube-PIL colour picture tube-cable TV, CCTV and theatre TV
UNIT IV: OPTICAL FIBER	Propagation of light in an optical fibre-acceptance angle-numerical aperture-step and graded index fibres-optical fibres as a cylindrical wave guide-wave guide equations-wave guide equations in step index fibres - fibre losses and dispersion-applications
UNIT V: SATELLITE COMMUNICATION	Orbital satellites-geostationary satellites-orbital patterns-satellite system link models-satellite system parameters-satellite system link equation link budget-INSAT communication satellites

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Handbook of Electronics by Gupta and Kumar, 2008 edition. 2. Electronic communication systems – George Kennedy and Davis, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 1988. 3. Taub and Schilling, principles of communication systems, second edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill (1991). 4. M. Kulkarani, Microwave and radar engineering, Umesh Publications, 1998. 5. Mono Chrome and colour television, R. R. Ghulathi
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Electronic communications – Dennis Roody and Coolen, Prentice Hall of India, IV edition, 1995. 2. Wayne Tomasi, Advanced electronics communication systems, fourth edition, Prentice Hall of India, 1998 3. Dennis Roddy and Coolen, 1995, <i>Electronics communications</i>, Prentice Hall of India IV Edition. 4. Wayne Tomasi, 1998 “<i>Advanced Electronics communication System</i>”

	4 th edition, Prentice Hall of India, 1998 5. S. Salivahanan, N. Suersh Kumar & A. Vallavaraj, 2009, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, Second Edition.
WEB SOURCES	1. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/digital-electronics-logic-design-tutorials/ 2. https://www.polytechnichub.com/difference-analog-instruments-digital-instruments/ 3. http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/ 4. http://web.ewu.edu/ 5. http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/

COURSE OUTCOMES:**At the end of the course, the student will be able to:**

CO1	Discuss and compare the propagation of electromagnetic waves through sky and on earth's surface Evaluate the energy and power radiated by the different types of antenna	K1, K5
CO2	Compare and differentiate the methods of generation of microwaves analyze the propagation of microwaves through wave guides- discuss and compare the different methods of generation of microwaves	K4
CO3	Classify and compare the working of different radar systems- apply the principle of radar in detecting locating, tracking, and recognizing objects of various kinds at considerable distances – discuss the importance of radar in military- elaborate and compare the working of different picture tube	K3
CO4	Classify, discuss and compare the different types of optical fiber and also to justify the need of it-discover the use of optical fiber as wave guide	K1, K3
CO5	Explain the importance of satellite communication in our daily life-distinguish between orbital and geostationary satellites elaborate the linking of satellites with ground station on the earth	K4

K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;**MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:**

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	3

Elective - List 2 – 8. PLASMA PHYSICS	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
--	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHE08	PLASMA PHYSICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Fundamentals of Electricity and Magnetism, Electromagnetic theory, Maxwell's equation, Basic knowledge of electrical and electronics instrumentation.
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To explore the plasma universe by means of in-site and ground-based observations. ➤ To understand the model plasma phenomena in the universe. ➤ To explore the physical processes which occur in the space environment.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF PLASMA	Kinetic pressure in a partially ionized - mean free path and collision cross section - Mobility of charged particles - Effect of magnetic field on the mobility of ions and electrons-Thermal conductivity- Effect of magnetic field- Quasi- neutrality of plasma Debye shielding distance - Optical properties of plasma.
UNIT II: MOTION OF CHARGED PARTICLES IN ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELD	Particle description of plasma- Motion of charged particle in electrostatic field- Motion of charged particle in uniform magnetic field - Motion of charged particle in electric and magnetic fields- Motion of charged particle in inhomogeneous magnetic field - Motion of charged particle in magnetic mirror confinement - motion of an electron in a time varying electric field- Magneto- hydrodynamics - Magneto-hydrodynamic equations – Condition for magneto hydrodynamic behaviour.
UNIT III: PLASMA OSCILLATIONS AND WAVES	Introduction, theory of simple oscillations - electron oscillation in a plasma – Derivations of plasma oscillations by using Maxwell's equation - Ion oscillation and waves in a magnetic field - thermal effects on plasma oscillations - Landau damping - Hydro magnetic waves - Oscillations in an electron beam.
UNIT IV: PLASMA DIAGNOSTICS TECHNIQUES	Single probe method - Double probe method - Use of probe technique for measurement of plasma parameters in magnetic field - microwave method - spectroscopic method - -laser as a tool for plasma diagnostics-X-ray diagnostics of plasma - acoustic method - conclusion.
UNIT V: APPLICATIONS OF PLASMA PHYSICS	Magneto hydrodynamic Generator - Basic theory - Principle of Working-Fuel in MHD Generator - Generation of Microwaves Utilizing High Density Plasma - Plasma Diode.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and

COMPONENTS	Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
-------------------	---

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Plasma Physics- Plasma State of Matter - S. N. Sen, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut. 2. Introduction to Plasma Physics-M. Uman 3. Krall, N. A., and A. W. Trivelpiece. Principles of Plasma Physics. Berkeley, CA: San Francisco Press, 1986. ISBN: 9780911302585. Tanenbaum, B. S. Plasma Physics. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill, 1967. ISBN: 9780070628120. 4. Goldston, R. J., and P. H. Rutherford. Introduction to Plasma Physics. Philadelphia, PA: IOP Publishing, 1995. ISBN: 9780750301831. 5. Hutchinson, I. H. Principles of Plasma Diagnostics. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press, 2005. ISBN: 9780521675741.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chen, F. F. Introduction to Plasma Physics. 2nd ed. New York, NY: Springer, 1984. ISBN: 9780306413322. 2. Introduction to Plasma Theory-D.R. Nicholson 3. Shohet, J. L. The Plasma State. San Diego, CA: Academic Press Inc., 1971. ISBN: 9780126405507. 4. Hazeltine, R. D., and F. L. Waelbroeck. The Framework of Plasma Physics. Boulder, CO: Westview Press, 2004. ISBN: 9780813342139. 5. Huddlestone, R. H., and S. L. Leonard. Plasma Diagnostic Techniques. San Diego, CA: Academic Press, 1965
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://fusedweb.llnl.gov/Glossary/glossary.html 2. http://farside.ph.utexas.edu/teaching/plasma/lectures1/index.html 3. http://www.plasmas.org/ 4. http://www.phy6.org/Education/whplasma.html 5. http://www.plasmas.org/resources.htm

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the collision, cross section of charged particles and to able to correlate the magnetic effect of ion and electrons in plasma state.	K1, K2
CO2	Understand the plasma and learn the magneto-hydrodynamics concepts applied to plasma.	K2
CO3	Explore the oscillations and waves of charged particles and thereby apply the Maxwell's equation to quantitative analysis of plasma.	K1, K3
CO4	Analyze the different principle and techniques to diagnostics of plasma.	K2, K5
CO5	Learn the possible applications of plasma by incorporating various electrical and electronic instruments.	K4

K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	3

Elective - List 2 – 9. BIO PHYSICS

I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHE09	BIO PHYSICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamental concepts of Physics and Biology

Learning Objectives

- To understand the physical principles involved in cell function maintenance.
- To understand the fundamentals of macromolecular structures involved in propagation of life.
- To understand the biophysical function of membrane and neuron.
- To understand various kinds of radiation and their effects on living system and to know the hazards posed by such radiations and the required precautions.
- To understand the physical principles behind the various techniques available for interrogating biological macromolecules.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: CELLULAR BIOPHYSICS	Architecture and Life Cycle of cells – Organelles of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell – Cell size and shape – Fine structure of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell organization – Compartment & assemblies membrane

	system – Extracellular matrix - Molecular mechanisms of Vesicular traffic - Electrical activities of cardiac and neuronal cells.
UNIT II: MOLECULAR BIOPHYSICS	Macromolecular structure: Protein structure – amino acids, peptide bonds, primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures of proteins Nucleic acid structure: nucleosides and nucleotides, RNA structure, DNA structure and conformation. Special Bio-macromolecules: Metalloproteins, nucleoproteins, ribozymes, chaperons and prions.
UNIT III: MEMBRANE AND NEURO BIOPHYSICS	Models membranes - Biological membranes and dynamics – Membrane Capacitors – Transport across cell and organelle membranes – Ion channels. Nervous system: Organization of the nervous system – Membrane potential – Origins of membrane potential - Electrochemical potentials – Nernst equation – Goldman equation.
UNIT IV: RADIATION BIO PHYSICS	X-Ray: Effects on bio-macromolecules – Gamma Radiation: Molecular effects of gamma radiation, Radiation effects on nucleic acids and membranes, Effects on cell and organelles – UV radiation: Effects on bio-macromolecules and proteins – Radiation hazards and protection – use of radiations in cancer.
UNIT V: PHYSICAL METHODS IN BIOLOGY	Spectroscopy: UV-Visible absorption spectrophotometry – Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD) – Structure Determination: X-ray Crystallography, Electron spin resonance (ESR) and biological applications. Chromatography: Thin layer chromatography (TLC), Gas liquid chromatography (GLC) – Centrifugation: Differential centrifugation, density gradient centrifugation. Electrophoresis: Gel electrophoresis, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The cell: A molecular approach, Geoffrey M. Cooper, ASM Press, 2013. 2. Biophysics, VasanthaPattabhi, N. Gautham, Narosa Publishing, 2009 3. Biophysics, P. S. Mishra VK Enterprises, 2010. 4. Biophysics, M. A Subramanian, MJP Publishers, 2005. 5. Bioinstrumentation, L. Veerakumari, MJP Publishers, 2006.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chemical Biophysics by Daniel A Beard (Cambridge University Press, 2008). 2. Essential cell biology by Bruce Albert et al (Garland Science) 3. Biophysics, W. Hoppe, W. Lohmann, H. Markl and H. Ziegler. Springer Verlag, Berlin (1983). 4. Membrane Biophysics by Mohammad Ashrafuzzaman, Jack A. Tuszynski, (Springer science & business media). 5. Biological spectroscopy by Iain D. Campbell, Raymond A. Dwek
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. General Bio: http://www.biology.arizona.edu/DEFAULT.html

	2. Spectroscopy: http://www.cis.rit.edu/htbooks/nmr/inside.htm 3. Electrophoresis: http://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/labs/gel/ 4. Online biophysics programs: http://mw.concord.org/modeler/ 5. https://blanco.biomol.uci.edu/WWWResources.html
--	---

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the structural organization and function of living cells and should be able to apply the cell signaling mechanism and its electrical activities.	K2, K3
CO2	Comprehension of the role of biomolecular conformation to function.	K1
CO3	Conceptual understanding of the function of biological membranes and also to understand the functioning of nervous system.	K2, K5
CO4	To know the effects of various radiations on living systems and how to prevent ill effects of radiations.	K1, K5
CO5	Analyze and interpret data from various techniques viz., spectroscopy, crystallography, chromatography etc.,	K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	3

Elective List 2 – 10. NONLINEAR DYNAMICS	/III YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
---	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHE10	NONLINEAR DYNAMICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Basics of Numerical methods and Differential equations, Fundamentals of linear and nonlinear waves, and Basics of communication systems

Learning Objectives

- | |
|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To school the students about the analytical and numerical techniques of nonlinear dynamics. ➤ To make the students understand the concepts of various coherent structures. ➤ To train the students on bifurcations and onset of chaos. ➤ To educate the students about the theory of chaos and its characterization. ➤ To make the students aware of the applications of solitons, chaos and fractals. |
|--|

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: GENERAL	Linear waves-ordinary differential equations(ODEs)-Partial differential equations(PDEs)- Methods to solve ODEs and PDEs.- Numerical methods – Linear and Nonlinear oscillators-Nonlinear waves-Qualitative features
UNIT II: COHERENT STRUCTURES	Linear and Nonlinear dispersive waves - Solitons – KdB equation – Basic theory of KdB equation –Ubiquitous soliton equations – AKNS Method, Backlund transformation, Hirotabilinearization method, Painleve analysis - Perturbation methods- Solitons in Optical fibres - Applications.
UNIT III: BIFURCATIONS AND ONSET OF CHAOS	One dimensional flows – Two dimensional flows – Phase plane – Limit cycles – Simple bifurcations – Discrete Dinamical system – Strange attractors – Routes to chaos.
UNIT V APPLICATIONS	Soliton based communication systems – Solition based computation – Synchronization of chaos – Chaos based communication – Cryptography – Image processing – Stochastic – Resonance – Chaos based computation – Time Series analysis.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. M. Lakshmanan and S. Rajasekar, Nonlinear Dynamics: Integrability, Chaos and Patterns. Springer, 2003. 2. A. Hasegawa and Y. Kodama, Solitons in Optical Communications. Oxford Press, 1995.
-------------------	--

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO5	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Elective - List 2 – 11. QUANTUM FIELD THEORY	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
---	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHE11	QUANTUM FIELD THEORY	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Prior exposure on fundamentals of Quantum mechanics and Special Relativity will be essential.

Learning Objectives

- To school the students about the analytical and numerical techniques of nonlinear dynamics.
- To make the students understand the concepts of various coherent structures.
- To train the students on bifurcations and onset of chaos.
- To educate the students about the theory of chaos and its characterization.
- To make the students aware of the applications of solitons, chaos and fractals.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: SYMMETRY PRINCIPLES	Relativistic kinematics, relativistic waves, Klein-Gordon (KG) equation as a relativistic wave equation, treatment of the KG equation as a classical wave equation: its Lagrangian and Hamiltonian, Noether's theorem and derivation of energy-momentum and angular momentum tensors as consequence of Poincaré symmetry, internal symmetry and the associated conserved current.
UNIT II: QUANTIZATION OF KLEIN-GORDAN FIELD	Canonical quantization of the KG field, solution of KG theory in Schrödinger and Heisenberg pictures, expansion in terms of creation and annihilation operators, definition of the vacuum and N-particle eigenstates of the Hamiltonian, vacuum expectation values, propagators, spin and statistics of the KG quantum.

UNIT III: QUANTIZATION OF DIRAC FIELD	Review of Dirac equation and its quantization, use of anti-commutators, creation and destruction operators of particles and antiparticles, Dirac propagator, energy, momentum and angular momentum, spin and statistics of Dirac quanta.
UNIT IV: QUANTIZATION OF ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS	Review of free Maxwell's equations, Lagrangian, gauge transformation and gauge fixing, Hamiltonian, quantization in terms of transverse delta functions, expansion in terms of creation operators, spin, statistics and propagator of the photon.
UNIT V: PERTURBATIVE INTERACTION AT TREE LEVEL	Introduction to interacting quantum fields, Wick's Theorem, Feynman Diagram, Examples from quantum electrodynamics at the tree level: positron-electron and electron-electron scattering.

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
---	---

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. J. D. Bjorken and S. D. Drell, Relativistic Quantum Fields David 2. An Introduction to Quantum Field Theory by M. Peskin and D. V. Schroeder 3. Quantum Field theory: From Operators to Path Integrals, 2nd edition by Kerson Huang 4. Quantum Field Theory by Mark Srednicki 5. Quantum Field Theory by Claude Itzykson and Jean Bernard Zuber.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. V. B. Berestetskii, E. M. Lifshitz and L. P. Pitaevskii, <i>Quantum Electrodynamics</i> 2. Introduction to the Theory of Quantized Fields by N. N. Bogoliubov and D. V. Shirkov (1959) 3. Quantum Field Theory by L. H. Ryder (1984) 4. Quantum Field Theory by L. S. Brown (1992) 5. Quantum Field Theory: A Modern Introduction by M. Kaku (1993)
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://homepages.dias.ie/ydri/QFTNOTES4v2.pdf 2. https://www.scirp.org/(S(i43dyn45teexjx455qlt3d2q))/reference/reference-spapers.aspx?referenceid=2605249 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106065/ 4. http://www.nhn.ou.edu/~milton/p6433/p6433.html 5. https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/quantum-field-theory/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the interconnection of Quantum Mechanics and Special Relativity	K1
CO2	Enable the students to understand the method of quantization to various field	K2
CO3	Employ the creation and annihilation operators for quantization	K5
CO4	Summarizes the interacting field, in quantum domain, and gives a discussion on how perturbation theory is used here.	K1, K3
CO5	Understand the concept of Feynman diagram	K2
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3

Elective - List 2 – 12. GENERAL RELATIVITY AND COSMOLOGY	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
---	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHE12	GENERAL RELATIVITY AND COSMOLOGY	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Skill in mathematics and mechanics

Learning Objectives

➤ To give an introduction to students in the areas of general relativity and cosmology

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: TENSORS	Tensors in index notation - Kronecker and Levi Civita tensors - inner and outer products - contraction - symmetric and antisymmetric tensors - quotient law - metric tensors - covariant and contravariant tensors - vectors - the tangent space - dual vectors - tensors - tensor products - the Levi-Civita tensor - tensors in Riemann spaces
UNIT I: TENSORS FIELD	Vector-fields, tensor-fields, transformation of tensors - gradient and Laplace operator in general coordinates - covariant derivatives and Christoffel connection - Elasticity: Field tensor - field energy tensor - strain tensor - tensor of elasticity- curvature tensor
UNIT III: GENERAL RELATIVITY	The space time interval - the metric - Lorentz transformations - space-time diagrams - world-lines - proper time - energy-momentum vector - energy-momentum tensor - perfect fluids - energy-momentum conservation - parallel transport - the parallel propagator - geodesics - affine parameters - the Riemann curvature tensor - symmetries of the Riemann tensor - the Bianchi identity
UNIT IV: TENSOR IN RELATIVITY	Ricci and Einstein tensors - Weyl tensor - Killing vectors - the Principle of Equivalence - gravitational redshift - gravitation as space-time curvature - the Newtonian limit - physics in curved space-time - Einstein's equations - the Weak Energy Condition - causality - spherical symmetry - the Schwarzschild metric - perihelion precession
UNIT V: COSMOLOGY	Expansion of the Universe - thermal history - and the standard cosmological model - Friedmann - Robertson-Walker type models of the Universe - Primordial inflation and the theory of cosmological fluctuations - Theory and observations of the cosmic microwave background and of the large-scale structure of the Universe - Dark matter and dark energy - theoretical questions and observational evidence - inflation - origin of galaxies and other open problems

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
---	---

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. M. R. Spiegel, <i>Vector Analysis, Schaum's outline series</i>, McGraw Hill, New York, 1974. 2. James Hartle, <i>Gravity: An introduction to Einstein's general relativity</i>, San Francisco, Addison-Wesley, 2002 3. Sean Carroll, <i>Spacetime and Geometry: An Introduction to General Relativity</i>, (Addison-Wesley, 2004). 4. Jerzy Plebanski and Andrzej Krasinski, <i>An Introduction to General Relativity and Cosmology</i>, Cambridge University Press 2006 5. Meisner, Thorne and Wheeler: <i>Gravitation</i> W. H. Freeman & Co., San Francisco 1973
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Robert M. Wald: <i>Space, Time, and Gravity: the Theory of the Big Bang and Black Holes</i>, Univ. of Chicago Press. 2. J. V. Narlikar, <i>Introduction to Cosmology</i>, Jones & Bartlett 1983 3. Steven Weinberg, <i>Gravitation and Cosmology</i>, New York, Wiley, 1972. 4. Jerzy Plebanski and Andrzej Krasinski, <i>An Introduction to General Relativity and Cosmology</i>, Cambridge University Press 2006 5. R Adler, M Bazin & M Schiffer, <i>Introduction to General Relativity</i>
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://www.fulviofrisone.com/attachments/article/486/A%20First%20Course%20In%20General%20Relativity%20-%20Bernard%20F.Schutz.pdf 2. https://link.springer.com/book/9780387406282 3. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/8-962-general-relativity-spring-2020/resources/lecture-18-cosmology-i/ 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/1806.10122 5. https://uwaterloo.ca/applied-mathematics/future-undergraduates/what-you-can-learn-applied-mathematics/relativity-and-cosmology

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Skillfully handle tensors	K1
CO2	Understanding of the underlying theoretical aspects of general relativity and cosmology	K2
CO3	Gain knowledge on space time curvature	K1
CO4	Equipped to take up research in cosmology	K3, K4
CO5	Confidently solve problems using mathematical skills	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific

outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2

Elective - List 2 – 13. ADVANCED OPTICS	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
--	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHE13	ADVANCED OPTICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of ray properties and wave nature of light

Learning Objectives

- To know the concepts behind polarization and could pursue research work on application aspects of laser
- To impart an extensive understanding of fiber and non-linear optics
- To study the working of different types of LASERS
- To differentiate first and second harmonic generation
- Learn the principles of magneto-optic and electro-optic effects and its applications

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT 1: POLARIZATION	Classification of polarization – Transverse character of light waves – Polarizer and analyzer – Malu's law – Production of polarized light –

AND DOUBLE REFRACTION	Wire grid polarizer and the polaroid – Polarization by reflection – Polarization by double refraction – Polarization by scattering – The phenomenon of double refraction – Normal and oblique incidence – Interference of polarized light: Quarter and half wave plates – Analysis of polarized light – Optical activity
UNIT II: LASERS	Basic principles – Spontaneous and stimulated emissions – Components of the laser – Resonator and lasing action – Types of lasers and its applications – Solid state lasers – Ruby laser – Nd:YAG laser – gas lasers – He-Ne laser – CO ₂ laser – Chemical lasers – HCl laser – Semiconductor laser
UNIT III: FIBER OPTICS	Introduction – Total internal reflection – The optical fiber – Glass fibers – The coherent bundle – The numerical aperture – Attenuation in optical fibers – Single and multi-mode fibers – Pulse dispersion in multimode optical fibers – Ray dispersion in multimode step index fibers – Parabolic-index fibers – Fiber-optic sensors: precision displacement sensor – Precision vibration sensor
UNIT IV: NON-LINEAR OPTICS	Basic principles – Harmonic generation – Second harmonic generation – Phase matching – Third harmonic generation – Optical mixing – Parametric generation of light – Self-focusing of light
UNIT V: MAGNETO-OPTICS AND ELECTRO-OPTICS	Magneto-optical effects – Zeeman effect – Inverse Zeeman effect – Faraday effect – Voigt effect – Cotton-mouton effect – Kerr magneto-optic effect – Electro-optical effects – Stark effect – Inverse stark effect – Electric double refraction – Kerr electro-optic effect – Pockels electro-optic effect
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. B. B. Laud, 2017, Lasers and Non – Linear Optics, 3rd Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd. 2. Ajoy Ghatak, 2017, Optics, 6th Edition, McGraw – Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. 3. William T. Silfvast, 1996, Laser Fundamentals Cambridge University Press, New York 4. J. Peatros, Physics of Light and Optics, a good (and free!) electronic book 5. B. Saleh, and M. Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, Wiley-Interscience,
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. F. S. Jenkins and H. E. White, 1981, Fundamentals of Optics, (4th Edition), McGraw – Hill International Edition. 2. Dieter Meschede, 2004, Optics, Light and Lasers, Wiley – VCH, Varley GmbH. 3. Lipson, S. G. Lipson and H. Lipson, 2011, Optical Physics, 4th Edition, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2011.

Elective - List 2 – 14. ADVANCED MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
--	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHE14	ADVANCED MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Good knowledge in basic mathematics

Learning Objectives

- To educate and involve students in the higher level of mathematics and mathematical methods relevant and applicable to Physics.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: DISCRETE GROUPS	Definition of a group, subgroup, class, Lagrange's theorem, invariant subgroup, Homomorphism and isomorphism between two groups. Representation of a group, unitary representations, reducible and irreducible representations Schur's lemmas, orthogonality theorem, character table, reduction of Kronecker product of representations, criterion for irreducibility of a representation.
UNIT II: CONTINUOUS GROUPS	Infinitesimal generators, Lie algebra; Rotation group, representations of the Lie algebra of the rotation group, representation of the rotation group, D-matrices and their basic properties. Addition of two angular momenta and C.G. coefficients, Wigner-Eckart theorem.
UNIT III: SPECIAL UNITARY GROUPS	Definition of unitary, unimodular groups SU (2) and SU(3). Lie algebra of SU(2). Relation between SU(2) and rotation group. Lie algebra of SU(3)-Gellmann's matrices. Cartan form of the SU(3). Lie algebra, roots and root diagram for SU(3). Weights and their properties, weight diagrams for the irreducible representations 3, 3*, 6, 6, 8, 10 and 10 of SU(3). Direct product of two SU(3) representations, Young tableaux method of decomposition of products of IR's illustrations with the representations of dim<10. C.G. coefficients for 3 x 3* and 3 x 6 representations. SU(3) symmetry in elementary particle physics, quantum numbers of hadrons and SU(2) and SU(3) classification of hadrons.
UNIT IV: TENSORS	Cartesian vectors and tensors illustration with moment of inertia, conductivity, dielectric tensors. Four vector in special relativity, vectors and tensors under Lorentz transformations, Illustration from physics. Vectors and tensors under general co-ordinate transformations, contravariant and covariant vectors and tensors, mixed tensors; tensor algebra, addition, subtraction, direct product of tensors, quotient theorem, symmetric and

	antisymmetric tensors.
UNIT V: TENSOR CALCULUS	Parallel transport, covariant derivative, affine connection. Metric tensor. Expression for Christoffel symbols in terms of and its derivatives (assuming $Dg = 0$). Curvature tensor, Ricci tensor and Einstein tensor. Bianchi identities, Schwarzschild solution to the Einstein equation $G=0$.

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A. W. Joshi, Group Theory for Physicists 2. D. B. Lichtenberg, Unitary Symmetry and Elementary Particles 3. E. Butkov, Mathematical Physics 4. J. V. Narlikar, General Relativity & Cosmology 5. R. Geroch, Mathematical Physics, The University of Chicago press (1985).
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. M. Hamermesh <i>Group Theory</i> 2. M. E. Rose: Elementary Theory of Angular Momentum 3. Georgi : Lie Groups for Physicists 4. E. A. Lord: Tensors, Relativity & Cosmology 5. P. Szekeres, A course in modern mathematical physics: Groups, Hilbert spaces and differential geometry, Cambridge University Press.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://vdoc.pub/documents/unitary-symmetry-and-elementary-particles-c4qsfejthkc0 2. https://physics.iith.ac.in/HEP_Physics/slides/poplawskitalk.pdf 3. https://www.hindawi.com/journals/amp/ 4. https://projecteuclid.org/journals/advances-in-theoretical-and-mathematical-physics 5. https://www.springer.com/journal/11232

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gained knowledge of both discrete and continuous groups	K1
CO2	Apply various important theorems in group theory	K3
CO3	Construct group multiplication table, character table relevant to important branches of physics.	K5
CO4	Equipped to solve problems in tensors	K4, K5
CO5	Developed skills to apply group theory and tensors to peruse research	K2, K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2

Elective - List 3 – 15. ADVANCED SPECTROSCOPY	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
--	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category				Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
			L	T	P			
23P3PHE15	ADVANCED SPECTROSCOPY	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Basic knowledge of group theory, abstract thinking ability, lasers, chemical bonds and molecular structures
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Helps students understand and appreciate spectroscopy as a sufficiently broad field in which many sub disciplines exist. ➤ Make them appreciate each of these specific techniques with numerous implementations. ➤ To realize the progress in this field that is rapid, resulting in improved instrument capabilities and an ever-widening range of applications. ➤ To apply group theory in spectroscopy to shed light on molecular symmetry and determine important physical parameters.

UNITS	Course Details
--------------	-----------------------

UNIT I: MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY AND GROUP THEORY	Group axioms –subgroup, simple group, Abelian group, cyclic group, order of a group, class- Lagrange’s theorem statement and proof - Symmetry operations and symmetry elements - Application: construction of group multiplication table (not character table) for groups of order 2, 3, cyclic group of order 4, noncyclic group of order 4 – reducible and irreducible representations- Unitary representations – Schur’s lemmas – Great orthogonality theorem - point group -Simple applications : Symmetry operations of water and ammonia- Construction of character table for C_{2v} (water) and C_{3v} (ammonia) molecules
UNIT II: LASER SPECTROSCOPY	Lasers as Spectroscopy Light sources – Special Characteristics of Laser emission- ultra short pulses- laser cooling -Single and multi-mode lasers- Laser tenability- Fluorescence spectroscopy with lasers- Laser Raman Spectroscopy – Non-linear Spectroscopy – Applications of Laser Spectroscopy in medical fields, materials science research
UNIT III: MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY	Basic idea of Mossbauer spectroscopy - Principle- Mossbauer effect- Recoilless emission and absorption- Chemical shift -Effect of electric and magnetic fields – hyperfine interactions- instrumentation-Applications: understanding molecular and electronic structures
UNIT IV: XRAY PHOTOELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY	Principle – XPS spectra and its interpretation- ESCA-EDAX- other forms of XPS – chemical shift - Applications : - stoichiometric analysis- electronic structure- XPES techniques used in astronomy, glass industries, paints and in biological research
UNIT V: MOLECULAR MODELLING	Determination of force constants- force field from spectroscopic data-normal coordinate analysis of a simple molecule (H_2O) – analyzing thermodynamic functions, partition functions, enthalpy, specific heat and related parameters from spectroscopic data- molecular modelling using data from various spectroscopic studies
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. William Kemp, 2019, Organic Spectroscopy (2nd Edition) MacMillan, Indian Edition. 2. C N Banwell and McCash, 1994, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw–Hill, New Delhi. 3. D.N. Satyanarayana, 2001, <i>Vibrational Spectroscopy and Applications</i>, New Age International Publication. 4. B.K. Sharma , 2015, <i>Spectroscopy</i>, Goel Publishing House Meerut. 5. J M Hollas, 2002, Basic Atomic and Molecular Spectroscopy, Royal Society of Chemistry, RSC, Cambridge.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Demtroder. W, Laser Spectroscopy: Basic concepts and Instrumentation, SpringerLink. 2. B. P. Straughan and S. Walker, 1976, Spectroscopy Vol.I., Chapman

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Elective - List 3 – 16. MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
---	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHE16	MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Knowledge of number systems and binary operations
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To provide an understanding of the architecture and functioning of microprocessor 8085A and to the methods of interfacing I/O devices and memory to microprocessor ➤ To introduce 8085A programming and applications and the architecture and instruction sets of microcontroller 8051

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: 8085 PROGRAMMING, PERIPHERAL DEVICES AND THEIR INTERFACING	Instruction set - Addressing modes - Programming techniques - Memory mapped I/O scheme- I/O mapped I/O scheme - Memory and I/O interfacing- Data transfer schemes - Interrupts of 8085 - Programmable peripheral interface (PPI) - Control group and control word- Programmable DMA controller - Programmable interrupt controller – Programmable communication interface - Programmable counter /interval timer.
UNIT II: 8085 INTERFACING APPLICATIONS	Seven segment display interface - Interfacing of Digital to Analog converter and Analog to Digital converter - Stepper motor interface - Measurement of electrical quantities –Voltage and current) Measurement of physical quantities (Temperature an strain).
UNIT III: 8051 MICROCONTROLLER HARDWARE	Introduction – Features of 8051 – 8051 Microcontroller Hardware: Pin-out 8051, Central Processing Unit (CPU), internal RAM, Internal ROM, Register set of 8051 – Memory organization of 8051 – Input/ Output pins, Ports and Circuits – External data memory and program memory: External program

	memory, External data memory.
UNIT IV: 8051 INSTRUCTION SET AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING	Addressing modes – Data moving (Data transfer) instructions: Instructions to Access external data memory, external ROM / program memory, PUSH and POP instructions, Data exchange instructions – Logical instructions: byte and bit level logical operations, Rotate and swap operations – Arithmetic instructions: Flags, Incrementing and decrementing, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and division, Decimal arithmetic – Jump and CALL instructions: Jump and Call program range, Jump, Call and subroutines – Programming.

UNIT V: INTERRUPT PROGRAMMING AND INTERFACING TO EXTERNAL WORLD	8051 Interrupts – Interrupt vector table – Enabling and disabling an interrupt – Timer interrupts and programming – Programming external hardware interrupts – Serial communication interrupts and programming – Interrupt priority in the 8051 : Nested interrupts , Software triggering of interrupt. LED Interface Seven segment display interface- Interfacing of Digital to Analog converter and Analog to Digital converter - Stepper motor interface - Measurement of electrical quantities – Voltage and current) Measurement of physical quantities(Temperature an strain).
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A. NagoorKani, Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, RBA Publications (2009). 2. A. P. Godse and D. A. Godse, Microprocessors, Technical Publications, Pune (2009). 3. Ramesh Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with 8085, Penram International Publishing (2013). 4. B. Ram, Fundamentals of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, DhanpatRai publications New Delhi (2016). 5. V. Vijayendran, 2005, Fundamentals of Microprocessor-8085”, 3rd Edition S.Visvanathan Pvt, Ltd.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Douglas V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing programming and Hardware, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications (2008) 2. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice GillispieMazidi, Rolin D. Mckinlay, The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, Pearson Education (2008). 3. Barry B. Brey, 1995, The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80186, 80286, 80386 and 80486, 3rd Edition, Prentice- Hall of India, New Delhi. 4. J. Uffrenbeck, “The 8086/8088 Family-Design, Programming and Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications”, Prentice-Hall of

	India, New Delhi. 5. W. A. Tribel, Avtar Singh, “The 8086/8088 Microprocessors: Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications”, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
--	---

WEB SOURCE S	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/microprocessor_8085_architecture.html 2. http://www.electronicengineering.nbcafe.in/peripheral-mapped-io-interfacing/ 3. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/programmable-peripheral-interface-8255/ 4. http://www.circuitstoday.com/8051-microcontroller 5. https://www.elprocus.com/8051-assembly-language-programming/
---------------------	--

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of architecture and working of 8085 microprocessor.	K1
CO2	Get knowledge of architecture and working of 8051 Microcontroller.	K1
CO3	Be able to write simple assembly language programs for 8085A microprocessor.	K2, K3
CO4	Able to write simple assembly language programs for 8051 Microcontroller.	K3, K4
CO5	Understand the different applications of microprocessor and microcontroller.	K3, K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1

Elective - List 3 – 17. CHARACTERIZATION OF MATERIALS	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
--	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHE17	CHARACTERIZATION OF MATERIALS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of Heat and Thermodynamics, Basics of Optical systems, Microscopic systems, Electrical measurements and Fundamentals of Spectroscopy.

Learning Objectives

- To make the students learn some important thermal analysis techniques namely TGA, DTA, DSC and TMA.
- To make the students understand the theory of image formation in an optical microscope and to introduce other specialized microscopic techniques.
- To make the students learn and understand the principle of working of electron microscopes and scanning probe microscopes.
- To make the students understand some important electrical and optical characterization techniques for semiconducting materials.
- To introduce the students the basics of x-ray diffraction techniques and some important spectroscopic techniques.

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I THERMAL ANALYSIS	Introduction – thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) – instrumentation – determination of weight loss and decomposition products – differential thermal analysis (DTA)- cooling curves – differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) – instrumentation – specific heat capacity measurements – determination of thermomechanical parameters.
UNIT II MICROSCOPIC METHODS	Optical Microscopy: optical microscopy techniques – Bright field optical microscopy – Dark field optical microscopy – Dispersion staining microscopy - phase contrast microscopy –differential interference contrast microscopy - fluorescence microscopy - confocal microscopy - - digital holographic microscopy - oil immersion objectives - quantitative metallography - image analyzer.
UNIT III ELECTRON MICROSCOPY AND SCANNING PROBE MICROSCOPY	SEM, EDAX, EPMA, TEM: working principle and Instrumentation – sample preparation –Data collection, processing and analysis- Scanning tunneling microscopy (STEM) - Atomic force microscopy (AFM) - Scanning new field optical microscopy.

UNIT IV	Two probe and four probe methods- van der Pauw method – Hall
----------------	--

ELECTRICAL METHODS AND OPTICAL CHARACTERISATION	probe and measurement – scattering mechanism – C-V characteristics – Schottky barrier capacitance – impurity concentration – electrochemical C-V profiling – limitations. Photoluminescence – light – matter interaction – instrumentation – electroluminescence – instrumentation – Applications.
UNIT V X-RAY AND SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS	Principles and instrumentation for UV-Vis-IR, FTIR spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy, ESR, NMR, NQR, XPS, AES and SIMS-proton induced X-ray Emission spectroscopy (PIXE) –Rutherford Back Scattering (RBS) analysis-application - Powder diffraction - Powder diffractometer -interpretation of diffraction patterns - indexing - phase identification - residual stress analysis - Particle size, texture studies - X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy - uses.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. R. A. Stradling and P. C. Klipstain. Growth and Characterization of semiconductors. Adam Hilger, Bristol, 1990. 2. J. A. Belk. Electron microscopy and microanalysis of crystalline materials. Applied Science Publishers, London, 1979. 3. Lawrence E. Murr. Electron and Ion microscopy and Microanalysis principles and Applications. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1991 4. D. Kealey and P. J. Haines. Analytical Chemistry. Viva Books Private Limited, New Delhi, 2002. 5. Li, Lin, Ashok Kumar Materials Characterization Techniques Sam Zhang; CRC Press, (2008).
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cullity, B.D., and Stock, R.S., "Elements of X-Ray Diffraction", Prentice-Hall, (2001). 2. Murphy, Douglas B, Fundamentals of Light Microscopy and Electronic Imaging, Wiley-Liss, Inc. USA, (2001). 3. Tyagi, A.K., Roy, Mainak, Kulshreshtha, S.K., and Banerjee, S., Advanced Techniques for Materials Characterization, Materials Science Foundations (monograph series), Volumes 49 – 51, (2009). Volumes 49 – 51, (2009). 4. Wendlandt, W.W., Thermal Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, (1986). 5. Wachtman, J.B., Kalman, Z.H., Characterization of Materials, ButterworthHeinemann, (1993)
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://cac.annauniv.edu/uddetails/udpg_2015/77.%20Mat%20Sci(AC).pdf 2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/113106034/L11.html 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104106122 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118104008 5. https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/materials-characterization

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Describe the TGA, DTA, DSC and TMA thermal analysis techniques and make interpretation of the results.	K1, K3
------------	--	-------------------

CO2	The concept of image formation in Optical microscope, developments in other specialized microscopes and their applications.	K2
CO3	The working principle and operation of SEM, TEM, STM and AFM.	K2, K3
CO4	Understood Hall measurement, four –probe resistivity measurement, C-V, I-V, Electrochemical, Photoluminescence and electroluminescence experimental techniques with necessary theory.	K3, K4
CO5	The theory and experimental procedure for x- ray diffraction and some important spectroscopic techniques and their applications.	K4,K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2

Elective - List 3 – 18. MEDICAL PHYSICS	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
--	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHE18	MEDICAL PHYSICS	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of physiological concepts, Basics of instruments principle,

Learning Objectives

➤ To understand the major applications of Physics to Medicine

- To study the aid of different medical devices such as X-ray machines, gamma camera, accelerator and nuclear magnetic resonance.
- To outline the principles of Physics of different medical radiation devices and their modern advances, especially in medical radiation therapy and different applications in medical physics.
- To introduce the ideas of Radiography.
- To form a good base for further studies like research.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: X-RAYS AND TRANSDUCERS	Electromagnetic Spectrum – Production of X-Rays – X-Ray Spectrum – Bremsstrahlung – Characteristic X-Ray – X-Ray Tubes – Coolidge Tube – X-Ray Tube Design – Thermistors – photo electric transducers – Photo voltaic cells – photo emissive cells –Photoconductive cells– piezoelectric transducer
UNIT II: BLOOD PRESSURE MEASUREMENTS	Introduction –□sphygmomanometer – Measurement of heart rate – basic principles of electrocardiogram (ECG) –Basic principles of electro-neurography (ENG) – Basic principles of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI).
UNIT III: RADIATION PHYSICS	Radiation Units – Exposure – Absorbed Dose – Rad to Gray – Kera Relative Biological Effectiveness –Effective Dose – Sievert (Sv) – Inverse Square Law – Interaction of radiation with Matter – Linear Attenuation Coefficient – Radiation Detectors –Thimble Chamber – Condenser Chambers – Geiger Counter – Scintillation Counter
UNIT IV: MEDICAL IMAGING PHYSICS	Radiological Imaging – Radiography – Filters – Grids – Cassette – X-Ray Film – Film processing – Fluoroscopy – Computed Tomography Scanner – Principal Function – Display – Mammography – Ultrasound Imaging – Magnetic Resonance Imaging – Thyroid Uptake System – Gamma Camera (Only Principle, Function and display)
UNIT V: RADIATION PROTECTION	Principles of Radiation Protection – Protective Materials – Radiation Effects – Somatic – Genetic Stochastic and Deterministic Effect – Personal Monitoring Devices – TLD Film Badge – Pocket Dosimeter
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dr. K. Thayalan , <i>Basic Radiological Physics</i>, Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2003. 2. Curry, Dowdey and Murry, <i>Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology: -LippincotWilliams and Wilkins</i>, 1990. 3. FM Khan, <i>Physics of Radiation Therapy</i>, William and Wilkins, 3rd ed, 2003. 4. D. J. Dewhurst, <i>An Introduction to Biomedical Instrumentation</i>, 1st ed, Elsevier Science, 2014. 5. R.S. Khandpur, <i>Hand Book of Biomedical Instrumentations</i>, 1st ed, TMG, New Delhi, 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Muhammad Maqbool, <i>An Introduction to Medical Physics</i>, 1st ed, Springer International Publishing, 2017. 2. Daniel Jiráček, František Vitek, <i>Basics of Medical Physics</i>, 1st ed, Charles University, Karolinum Press, 2018 3. Anders Brahme, <i>Comprehensive Biomedical Physics</i>, Volume 1, 1st ed, Elsevier Science, 2014. 4. K. Venkata Ram, <i>Bio-Medical Electronics and Instrumentation</i>, 1st ed, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi, 2001. 5. John R. Cameron and James G. Skofronick, 2009, <i>Medical Physics</i>, John Wiley Interscience Publication, Canada, 2nd edition.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/103/108103157/ 2. https://www.studocu.com/en/course/university-of-technology-sydney/medical-devices-and-diagnostics/225692 3. https://www.technicalsymposium.com/alllecturenotes_biomed.html 4. https://lecturenotes.in/notes/17929-note-for-biomedical-instrumentation-bi-by-deepraj-adhikary/78 5. https://www.modulight.com/applications-medical/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Learn the fundamentals, production and applications of X-rays.	K1
CO2	Understand the basics of blood pressure measurements. Learn about sphygmomanometer, ECG, ENG and basic principles of MRI.	K2
CO3	Apply knowledge on Radiation Physics	K3
CO4	Analyze Radiological imaging and filters	K4
CO5	Assess the principles of radiation protection	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3

CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3

Elective - List 3 – 19. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
---	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHE19	SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Basic knowledge of solid waste and its type
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To gain basic knowledge in solid waste management procedures ➤ To gain industry exposure and be equipped to take up a job. ➤ To harness entrepreneurial skills. ➤ To analyze the status of solid waste management in the nearby areas. ➤ To sensitize the importance of healthy practices in waste managements

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	Introduction - Definition of solid waste - Types – Hazardous Waste: Resource conservation and Renewal act – Hazardous Waste: Municipal Solid waste and non-municipal solid waste.
UNIT II: SOLID WASTE CHARACTERISTICS	Solid Waste Characteristics: Physical and chemical characteristics - SWM hierarchy - factors affecting SW generation
UNIT III: TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT	Tools and equipment - Transportation - Disposal techniques - Composting and land filling technique
UNIT IV: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	SWM for economic development and environmental protection Linking SWM and climate change and marine litter.
UNIT V: INDUSTRIAL VISIT	SWM Industrial visit – data collection and analysis - presentation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Handbook of Solid Waste Management /Second Edition, George Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill (2002). 2. Prospects and Perspectives of Solid Waste Management, Prof. B BHosett, New Age International (P) Ltd (2006). 3. Solid and Hazardous Waste Management, Second Edition, M.N Rao, BS Publications / BSPBooks (.(2020 4. Integrated Solid Waste Management Engineering Principles and Management, Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill (2014). 5. Solid Waste Management (SWM), Vasudevan Rajaram, PHI learning private limited, 2016
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Municipal Solid Waste Management, Christian Ludwig, Samuel Stucki, Stefanie Hellweg, Springer Berlin Heisenberg, 2012 2. Solid Waste Management Bhide A. D Indian National Scientific Documentation Centre, New Delhi Edition 1983 ASIN: B0018MZ0C2 3. Solid Waste Tchobanoglous George; Kreith, Frank McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi 2002, ISBN 9780071356237 4. Environmental Studies Manjunath D. L. Pearson Education Publication, New Delhi, 2006 ISBN-I3: 978-8131709122 5. Solid Waste Management Sasikumar K. PHI learning, New Delhi, 2009 ISBN 8120338693
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.meripustak.com/Integrated-Solid-Waste-Management-Engineering-Principles-And-Management-Issues-125648 2. https://testbook.com/learn/environmental-engineering-solid-waste-management/ 3. https://www.meripustak.com&gclid=Cj0KCQjwuuKXBhCRARIsA-gM0iVpismAJN93CHA1sX6NuNeOKLXfQJ_jxHCOVH3QXjJ1iACq30KofoaAmFsEALw_wcB 4. https://images.app.goo.gl/tYiW2gUPfS2cxdD28 5. https://amzn.eu/d/5VUSTDI

COURSE OUTCOMES:**At the end of the course, the student will be able to:**

CO1	Gained knowledge in solid waste management	K1
CO2	Equipped to take up related job by gaining industry exposure	K5
CO3	Develop entrepreneurial skills	K3
CO4	Will be able to analyze and manage the status of the solid wastes in the nearby areas	K4
CO5	Adequately sensitized in managing solid wastes in and around his/her locality	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3

Elective - List 3 – 20. SEWAGE AND WASTE WATER TREATMENT AND REUSE	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
---	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHE20	SEWAGE AND WASTE WATER TREATMENT AND REUSE	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge of classification of sewage and solid waste and its harmful effects.

Learning Objectives

- To gain basic knowledge in sewage and waste water Treatment procedures
- To gain industry exposure and be equipped to take up job.
- To harness entrepreneurial skills.
- To analyze the status of sewage and waste water management in the nearby areas.
- To sensitize the importance of healthy practices in waste water management.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: RECOVERY & REUSE OF WATER	Recovery & Reuse of water from Sewage and Waste water: Methods of recovery: Flocculation - Sedimentation - sedimentation with coagulation - Filtration - sand filters - pressure filters - horizontal filters - vector control measures in industries - chemical and biological methods of vector eradication
UNIT II: DISINFECTION	Disinfection: Introduction to disinfection and sterilization: Disinfectant - UV radiation - Chlorination - Antisepsis - Sterilant - Aseptic and sterile - Bacteriostatic and Bactericidal - factors affecting disinfection.
UNIT III: CHEMICAL DISINFECTION	Chemical Disinfection: Introduction - Theory of Chemical Disinfection - Chlorination Other Chemical Methods - Chemical Disinfection Treatments Requiring - Electricity - Coagulation/Flocculation Agents as Pretreatment - Disinfection By-Products(DBPs)
UNIT IV: PHYSICAL DISINFECTION	Physical Disinfection: Introduction - Ultraviolet Radiation - Solar Disinfection - Heat Treatment - Filtration Methods - Distillation - Electrochemical Oxidation Water Disinfection by Microwave Heating.
UNIT V: INDUSTRIAL VISIT	Industrial visit – data collection and analysis - presentation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Drinking water and disinfection technique, Anirudhha Balachandra, CRC press (2013) 2. Design of Water and Wastewater Treatment Systems (CV-424/434), Shashi Bushan,(2015) Jain Bros 3. Integrated Water Resources Management, Sarbhukan M M, CBS PUBLICATION (2013) 4. C.S. Rao, Environmental Pollution Control Engineering, New Age International, 2007 5. S.P. Mahajan, Pollution control in process industries, 27th Ed. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2012.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Handbook of Water and Wastewater Treatment Plant Operations, Frank. R Spellman, CRC Press, 2020 2. Wastewater Treatment Technologies, Mritunjay Chaubey, Wiley, 2021. 3. Metcalf and Eddy, Wastewater Engineering, 4th ed., McGraw Hill Higher Edu., 2002. 4. W. Wesley Eckenfelder, Jr., Industrial Water Pollution Control, 2nd Edn., McGraw Hill Inc., 1989 5. Lancaster, Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text, 2nd edition, RSC publishing, 2010.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Drinking_Water_DisinfectionTechniques/HVbNBQAAQBAJ?hl=en 2. https://www.meripustak.com/Integrated-Solid-Waste-Management-Engineering-Principles-And-Management-Issues-125648? 3. https://www.meripustak.com&gclid=Cj0KCQjwuuKXBhCRARIsAC-

	<p>gM0iVpismAJN93CHA1sX6NuNeOKLXfQJjxHCOVH3QXjJ1iACq30KofoaAmFsEALw_wcB</p> <p>4. https://www.meripustak.com&gclid=Cj0KCQjwuuKXBhCRARIsAC-gM0iVpismAJN93CHA1sX6NuNeOKLXfQJjxHCOVH3QXjJ1iACq30KofoaAmFsEALw_wcB</p> <p>5. https://www.amazon.in/Design-Wastewater-Treatment-Systems-CV-424/dp/B00IG2PI6K/ref=asc_df_B00IG2PI6K/?tag=googleshopmob-21&linkCode=df0&hvadid=397013004690&hvpos=&hvnetw=g&hvrnd=4351305881865063672&hvpone=&hvptwo=&hvqmt=&hvdev=m&hvdvcmdl=&hvlocint=&hvlocphy=9061971&hvtargid=pla-890646066127&pssc=1&ext_vrnc=hi</p>
--	---

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gained knowledge in solid waste management	K1
CO2	Equipped to take up related job by gaining industry exposure	K5
CO3	Develop entrepreneurial skills	K3
CO4	Will be able to analyze and manage the status of the solid wastes in the nearby areas	K4
CO5	Adequately sensitized in managing solid wastes in and around his/her locality	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2

Elective - List 3 – 21. SOLAR ENERGY UTILIZATION	I/II YEAR – SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER
---	--

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHE21	SOLAR ENERGY UTILIZATION	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Basic knowledge of heat energy, way of transfer of heat, solar energy, materials types
Learning Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To impart fundamental aspects of solar energy utilization. ➤ To give adequate exposure to solar energy related industries ➤ To harness entrepreneurship skills ➤ To understand the different types of solar cells and channelizing them to the different sectors of society ➤ To develop an industrialist mindset by utilizing renewable source of energy

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: HEAT TRANSFER & RADIATION ANALYSIS	Conduction, Convection and Radiation – Solar Radiation at the earth’s surface - Determination of solar time – Solar energy measuring instruments.
UNIT II: SOLAR COLLECTORS	Physical principles of conversion of solar radiation into heat flat plate collectors - General characteristics – Focusing collector systems – Thermal performance evaluation of optical loss.
UNIT III: SOLAR HEATERS	Types of solar water heater - Solar heating system – Collectors and storage tanks – Solar ponds – Solar cooling systems.
UNIT IV: SOLAR ENERGY CONVERSION	Photo Voltaic principles – Types of solar cells – Crystalline silicon/amorphous silicon and Thermo - electric conversion - process flow of silicon solar cells- different approaches on the process-texturization, diffusion, Antireflective coatings, metallization.
UNIT V: NANOMATERIALS IN FUEL CELL APPLICATIONS	Use of nanostructures and nanomaterials in fuel cell technology - high and low temperature fuel cells, cathode and anode reactions, fuel cell catalysts, electrolytes, ceramic catalysts. Use of Nano technology in hydrogen production and storage. Industrial visit – data collection and analysis - presentation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Solar energy utilization -G.D. Rai –Khanna publishers – Delhi 1987. 2. Maheshwar Sharon, Madhuri Sharon, Carbon “Nano forms and Applications”, Mc Graw-Hill, 2010. 3. Soteris A. Kalogirou, „Solar Energy Engineering: Processes and Systems“, Academic Press, London, 2009 4. Tiwari G.N, “Solar Energy – Fundamentals Design, Modelling and applications, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002 5. Sukhatme S.P. Solar Energy, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Energy – An Introduction to Physics – R.H.Romer, W.H.Freeman.(1976) 2. Solar energy thermal processes – John A.Drife and William. (1974) 3. John W. Twidell & Anthony D.Weir, ‘Renewable Energy Resources,2005 4. John A. Duffie, William A. Beckman, Solar Energy: Thermal Processes, 4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2013 5. Duffie, J.A., Beckman, W.A. , “Solar Energy Thermal Process”, John Wiley and Sons,2007.
WEB SOURCES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/63a5/a69421b69d2ce9f359bbfc86c63556f9a4fb 2. https://books.google.vg/books?id=l-XHcwZo9XwC&sitesec=buy&source=gbs_vpt_read 3. www.nptel.ac.in/courses/112105051 4. www.freevideolectures.com 5. http://www.e-booksdirectory.com

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gained knowledge in fundamental aspects of solar energy utilization	K1
CO2	Equipped to take up related job by gaining industry exposure	K3
CO3	Develop entrepreneurial skills	K5
CO4	Skilled to approach the needy society with different types of solar cells	K4
CO5	Gained industrialist mindset by utilizing renewable source of energy	K2, K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

ଋ ଣ ଋ ଣ ଋ ଣ